



Office of
Information Technology

Data Breaches: How to Prepare and Respond

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Headlines

Yukon Public Schools hit with data breach

W-2 Scam

FOX 25 News, Oklahoma, March 2nd 2017

After data breach, Md. school district passes new policy to handle stolen information

Frederick News Post, February 22, 2017





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How to prepare for a breach

- Education and awareness program
- Determine roles for planning
- Develop a plan
- Regular event simulations

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Components of a plan

- Inventory of PII (Personally Identifiable Information) and other sensitive data.
- Inventory of service providers that use or manage PII and other sensitive data
- Notification and escalation path
- Defined roles for incident handling
- Policies and procedures for data handling and incident handling

Inventory of data and systems

- Categorize the type of individuals you collect data about (students, employees, volunteers, vendors?)
- Identify the types of data you collect about each category (SSN, BCI/FBI, medical/health information, financial data)
- Identify all compliance requirements (FERPA, HIPAA, State, and local)

Inventory of data and systems (cont.)

- Where is relevant information stored (paper, PCs, servers, databases, applications, backup tapes, removable media)
- What data is encrypted in transit and at rest (PCs, server file systems, databases, applications, email, wireless networks)
- What access controls are in place (file systems, database, applications)
- What PII or sensitive data collected, stored, transmitted, or otherwise handled by a third party provider



Inventory of data and systems (cont.)

- Is access to PII and sensitive data limited and monitored and logged to ensure data is only accessed by authorized individuals. Is access authorization documented and periodically reviewed?
- Which systems and databases have access logging in the event of a breach? Would the logging indicate who accessed or made changes and what data was changed?
- Are there third party contractual requirements that mandate notification of a breach?



People and Roles for notification incident handling

- Identify the person or group responsible for implementing privacy and data security policies and procedures
- Identify points of contact that are involved in the event of a breach from the following areas:
Legal Counsel, Communications,
Privacy/Compliance, Information Technology,
Security, Human Resources, Administration

Notification

- Document the incident notification path
 - Escalation path from person who identified the breach through the Superintendent
- Document the compliance notification plan
 - Who determines when a third party is notified based on the data that is compromised (generally legal).
 - Document standard types of remediation offered and notification templates

Law enforcement notification

- Some breaches require the notification of local, state, and/or federal law enforcement.
- Leverage your legal counsel to determine which data requires notification to which authorities

Recommended Policies and Procedures

- Information Handling – How PII and sensitive data should be handled. What types of media are permitted.
- Data Classification – Classification provides for consistent handling of information, no matter what form it takes, where it goes, or who possesses it.
- Privacy Policy – Identifies why data is collected and used and how the someone can see the data stored on them and make corrections.
- Encryption – How data and systems are encrypted. Includes all data, systems, servers, PCs & Notebooks, and mobile devices (smartphones & tablets).

Recommended Policies and Procedures

- Password policy – Identifies how passwords are constructed, used, and changed.
- Incident response – What procedurally occurs in the event of a breach or incident.
- Acceptable use – Identifies how employees are allowed to use data and systems. Establish least privileged access policy.

Incident Response Actions

1. Contain the data breach
2. Carry out the notification and escalation plan
3. Analyze the breach
4. Analyze the legal implications of the breach
5. Contact law enforcement
6. Contact insurance carrier if applicable
7. Organize public inquiry plan if applicable
8. Determine remediation strategy

Information to collect immediately after the breach

- Date, time, duration, location of breach
- How the breach was discovered, by whom, and any other details (how breach occurred, entry points, paths taken, whether data was deleted, modified, or viewed, whether any devices are missing)
- Details about the compromised data (list of affected individuals, data fields, number of records and if data was encrypted)

Complete a root cause analysis with lessons learned

- Determine the cause of the data breach
- Identify how the weakness was able to be exploited
- Identify ways to prevent the same type of breach again.

Incident Response and Reporting

US Department of Homeland Security Cyber Security Division

Through proactive monitoring they are able to inform state and local government organizations about potential and in process incidents:

- Website defacement
- Cyber-threats against a school, state, or local government entities

Ohio Department of Homeland Security – Fusion Center 877-OHS-INTEL

Incident Response:

- Cyber attack that has occurred or is occurring
- Information sharing among school, state, and local government entities
- Advisable to report incidents – Can be done anonymously

State of Ohio Office of Information Security and Privacy (OISP) 614-644-9391

Security Program Guidance:

- What resources available
- Incident response
- Proactive notification of incidents

MS – ISAC - Membership based

School districts should work through their local municipalities or Ohio OISP



References

The International Association of Privacy Professionals - Security Breach Response Plan Toolkit - Created by the IBM Corporation and Hogan Lovells US LLP as part of the IAPP's (The International Association of Privacy Professionals) Pro Bono Privacy Initiative

<https://privacyassociation.org/>

State of Ohio Office of Information Security and Privacy – 614-644-9391

State CISO David Brown

<http://privacy.ohio.gov/>

