File: EF/EFB

FOOD SERVICES MANAGEMENT/

FREE AND REDUCED-PRICE FOOD SERVICES

The Board operates a food services program in its schools. Food preparation is centralized for elementary, intermediate and secondary schools when appropriate.

Food services include breakfasts and lunches in all schools through participation in the National Child Nutrition Programs. The food services supervisor reviews and recommends to the Board the types of foods to be sold.

The food services staff cooperates with the principals of the schools in matters essential to the proper functioning of the food services program. The responsibility for control of students using the cafeteria rests with the building principal.

All prices set for school breakfasts, lunches and milk are subject to Board approval, except for

a la carte food prices. The food services supervisor sets these prices without Board approval.

As required for participation in the National Child Nutrition Programs, the Board agrees that:

 1. breakfast and a “Type A” lunch are made available to students, provided at least one- fifth of the students are eligible under Federal law for free meals;

 2. breakfast is made available in every school in which the parents of at least one-half of the children enrolled have requested that the breakfast program be established;

 3. students who qualify receive free or reduced-price meals;

 4. all meals must meet USDA nutritional standards;

 5. the management of food services complies with all federal, state and local regulations and

 6. a summer meal program is provided to students attending a state-mandated summer remedial program.

All students are expected to eat lunch at school and may not leave school grounds during the lunch hour, except when permission has been granted by the principal. Students are permitted to bring their lunches from home and to purchase milk and incidental items.

School lunch funds and other food service funds are kept in a special account.

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The District provides for at least one employee, who has received instruction in methods to prevent choking and has demonstrated an ability to perform the Heimlich maneuver, to be present while students are being served.

Students with Special Dietary Needs

At the beginning of each school year, or at the time of enrollment, parents are responsible for communicating any special dietary needs of their child, including food allergies, to the District. Students with dietary needs that qualify as disabilities under law are provided reasonable accommodation.

Substitutions to regular school meals provided by the District are made for students who are unable to eat regular school meals due to a qualifying dietary need when that need is certified in writing by the student’s physician. Substitute meals are provided in the most integrated setting appropriate to the special needs of the student.

The nature of the student’s qualifying dietary need, the reason this need prevents the student from eating regular school meals (including foods to be omitted from the student’s diet), the specific diet prescription along with the needed substitution must be specifically stated in the physician’s statement. The District, in compliance with the USDA Child Nutrition Division guidelines, provides substitute meals to food-allergic students based upon the physician’s signed statement.

The District develops and implements administrative regulations for the management of food-allergic students. Such regulations include, but are not limited to, schoolwide training programs regarding food allergy education, staff development regarding food allergy identification and management, allergy emergency drills, strategies for the identification of students with life-threatening food allergies and management skills including avoidance measures, designation of typical symptoms and dosing instructions for medications.

[Adoption date:]

LEGAL REFS.: Child Nutrition and WIC Reauthorization Act; Pub. L. No. 108-265

 (Title I, Section 204), 118 Stat. 729

 National School Lunch Act; 42 USC 1751 et seq.

 Child Nutrition Act; 42 USC 1771 et seq.

Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008; 42 USC 12101 et

 seq.

 Rehabilitation Act of 1973; 29 USC 794

 ORC 3313.719; 3313.81; 3313.812; 3313.813; 3313.815

 3314.18

 OAC 3301-91-01 through 3301-91-09

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CROSS REFS.: ACB, Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Disability

 EFF, Food Sale Standards

 EFG, Student Wellness Program

 EFH, Food Allergies

 JHCD, Administering Medicines to Students

 NOTE: Each board of education participating in the National School Lunch Program shall report monthly the number of free lunches served by the district each month. The monthly report shall be submitted not later than the 10th of each month following the month being reported.

 House Bill (HB) 1 (2009) requires all school districts, community schools and STEM schools to establish a written policy with respect to protecting students with peanut or other food allergies.  In developing the policy, administrators must consult with parents, school nurses and other school employees, school volunteers, students and community members.

 Details on food services management may be included in the Support Services Manual, Food Service section.

 When a policy covers two topics that appear consecutively in the classification system, the terms and codes can be combined as illustrated on this page.

***THIS IS A REQUIRED POLICY***

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