

Bryan Bullock, assistant editor

It's a sad truth, but a truth nonetheless: Bullying occurs at every school. It takes many forms — both physical and verbal — and it can happen in person, online and even via text message.

Whatever the form, bullying has the potential to make life overwhelming for victims. Studies show children and teens who are bullied are more likely to struggle academically; dislike school and miss classes; distrust peers and have problems making friends; experience declined mental and emotional health; and engage in violence and hurt themselves or others.

Amid the growing challenges of instant communication through smart phones and social media, schools across Ohio and the nation are stepping up stronger against bullying. It's a tough battle though. Bullying has always been around — and more than likely always will be — but awareness and prevention efforts can make a difference in a school. Here's a look at some sobering statistics about bullying and school climate. ■

Sources: National Center for Education Statistics, 2010; Ohio Department of Education; and U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2011

160,000

students may stay home on any given day because they are afraid of being bullied.

6%

of students ages 12 to 18 said they were cyberbullied. 28%

of students ages 12 to 18 said they were bullied at school.

only 36% said they were bullied, only 36% said they reported it to an adult at school.

Students who are bullied

are more likely

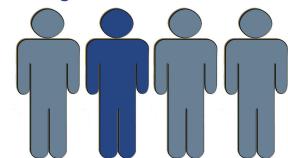
to be in a physical fight in school

and 2 more likely

to bring a weapon to school.



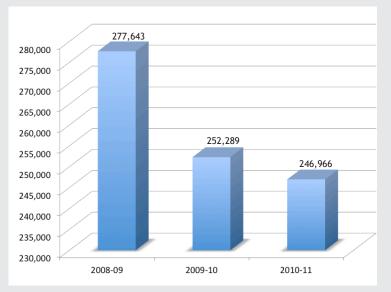
Among students in grades fifth through eighth, 26% of boys and 24% of girls reported homophobic teasing directed at a friend.



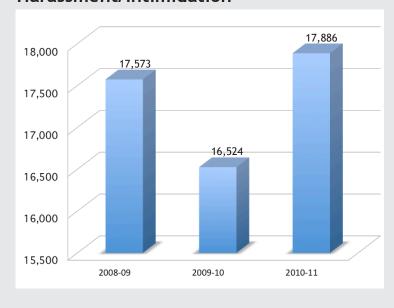


Stats from Ohio schools

Incidents of disobedient/disruptive behavior



Harassment/intimidation



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