

Mike DeWine, Governor Paolo DeMaria, Superintendent of Public Instruction

#### **MEMORANDUM**

Date: January 30, 2020

From: Jason S. Wagner, Assistant Legal Counsel

Through: Immy Singh, Chief Legal Counsel

To: Teaching, Leading and Learning Committee

Re: Ohio Teacher Evaluation System Framework Revision

Ohio Teacher Evaluation System (OTES) Framework Revisions is on the Committee's February agenda for your review and possible vote. The OTES framework is being revised due to legislative changes contained in Senate Bill 216 of the 132<sup>nd</sup> General Assembly (SB 216).

Ohio Revised Code (ORC 3319.112), as amended by SB 216, requires the State Board to revise the standards-based framework for the evaluation of teachers based on the recommendations of the Educator Standards Board. Additionally, it requires that the State Board hold at least one public hearing prior to adopting the revised framework. Finally, the State Board must adopt the revised framework not later than May 1, 2020.

The Educator Standards Board has developed and refined the revised framework from September 2016 through December 2019. A prototype for the framework was developed during 2018-2019 that allowed educators the opportunity to participate and to inform what would eventually become a pilot for the revised framework. Now, 76 districts have participated in the pilot during the course of the 2019-2020 school year<sup>1</sup>, and the pilot participants have helped guide revisions to the framework. The Educator Standards Board made recommendations regarding the revised OTES framework at its December 2019 meeting.

Please see the attached resolution for your consideration.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Pursuant to Section 6 of SB 216.

# RESOLUTION TO RECOMMEND ADOPTION OF THE REVISED FRAMEWORK FOR THE OHIO TEACHER EVALUATION SYSTEM

The Teaching, Leading and Learning Committee **RECOMMENDS** the State Board of Education ("Board") **ADOPT** the Revised Framework for the Ohio Teacher Evaluation System as follows:

Ohio Revised Code (ORC) 3319.112, as amended by Senate Bill 216 of the 132<sup>nd</sup> General Assembly, requires the Board to revise the standards-based framework for the evaluation of teachers based on the recommendations of the Educator Standards Board not later than May 1, 2020;

The Educator Standards Board made recommendations regarding the revised framework at its December 2019 meeting;

ORC 3319.112 requires the Board to hold a public hearing on the revised framework and to make the full text of the revised framework available at the hearing;

The Board held a public hearing on the revised framework as required under ORC 3319.112 during the regularly scheduled Board meeting on February 10, 2020;

ORC 3319.112 requires the framework to establish an evaluation system that does the following:

- Provides for multiple evaluation factors;
- Aligns with the standards for teachers adopted under ORC 3319.61;
- Requires observation of the teacher being evaluated, including at least two formal observations by the evaluator of at least thirty minutes each and classroom walkthroughs;
- Assigns a rating on each evaluation in accordance with division (B) of ORC 3319.112:
- Requires each teacher to be provided with a written report of the results of the teacher's evaluation;
- Uses at least two measures of high-quality student data to provide evidence of student learning attributable to the teacher being evaluated. The Board shall define "high-quality student data" for this purpose. When applicable, high-quality student data shall include the value-added progress dimension under ORC 3302.021:
- Prohibits the shared attribution of student performance data among all teachers in a district, building, grade, content area, or other group;
- Includes development of a professional growth plan or improvement plan for the teacher that is based on the results of the evaluation and is aligned to any school district or building improvement plan required for the teacher's district or building under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, as amended by the Every Student Succeeds Act of 2015, 20 USC 6301 et seq.;
- Provides for professional development to accelerate and continue teacher growth and provide support to poorly performing teachers;
- Provides for the allocation of financial resources to support professional development;
- Prohibits the use of student learning objectives;

ORC 3319.112 requires the Board to revise, as necessary, specific standards and criteria that distinguish between the following levels of performance for teachers and principals for assigning ratings for evaluations conducted under ORC 3311.80, 3311.84, 3319.02 and 3319.11:

- Accomplished;
- Skilled;
- Developing;
- Ineffective;

ORC 3319.112 requires the Board to develop a list of student assessments that measure mastery of the course content for the appropriate grade level, the data from which may be considered high-quality student data;

ORC 3319.112 requires the Board to consult with experts, teachers and principals employed in public schools, the educator standards board, and representatives of stakeholder groups in revising the standards and criteria required by division (B)(1) of ORC 3319.112:

The development of the revised framework has included input from all requisite stakeholders under ORC 3319.112;

Seventy-six districts have participated in a pilot for the revised framework during the course of the 2019-2020 school year pursuant to Section 6 of SB 216, and the pilot participants have helped inform revisions to the framework.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Teaching, Leading and Learning Committee recommends the Board adopt the Revised Framework for the Ohio Teacher Evaluation System in the form attached hereto;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Teaching, Leading and Learning Committee recommends the Board direct the Department of Education to develop and maintain the list of student assessments that measure mastery of the course content for the appropriate grade level, the data from which may be considered high-quality student data, as required under division (B)(2) of ORC 3319.112.

# **OTES 2.0 Framework Revision**

The revised Ohio Teacher Evaluation System has gone through a rigorous process to develop key pieces of the OTES 2.0 including the framework, rubric, growth and improvement plan documents, and high-quality student data (HQSD) guidance documents.

#### **Development of OTES 2.0**

- Ohio Department of Education worked with the American Institutes for Research (AIR) to develop recommendations for the evaluation system
- Prototype team, made up of 47 districts and over 250 practitioners, revised documents (2018-2019)
- Pilot teams, including nearly 10,000 teachers from 76 districts, helped to further refine documents (2019-2020)
- Educator Standards Board made additional refinements and recommendations prior to submitting to the State Board of Education

### **High-Quality Student Data Resources**

Under OTES 2.0, evaluations must include at least two measures of high-quality student data. The guidelines for determining how to identify and utilize high-quality student data were established drawing on the following resources:

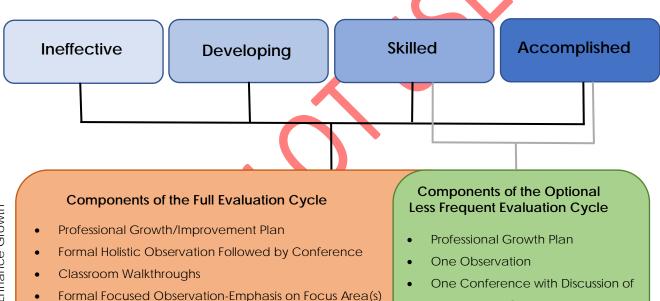
- Berwick, C. (2018, Aug. 31). Student data: Friend or foe? Retrieved from <a href="https://www.edutopia.com/w
- Brooke, E. (2017). Empowering teacher Effectiveness: Five key factors for success. Retrieved from <a href="http://www.lexialearning.com/sites/default/files/Teacher% 20Effectiveness">http://www.lexialearning.com/sites/default/files/Teacher% 20Effectiveness</a> %20WP%202018.pdf
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- Sanders, W. L. and Horn, S. P. (1998). Research findings from the TVAAS database: Implications for educational evaluation and research. *Journal of Personnel Evaluation in Education*, 12(3), 247-256. Retrieved from <a href="https://www.sas.com/govedu/edu/ed\_eval.pdf">https://www.sas.com/govedu/edu/ed\_eval.pdf</a>
- SAS EVAAS. (2018). Statistical models and business rules of OH EVAAS analyses. Retrieved from <a href="http://education.ohio.gov/getattachment/Topics/Data/Accountability-Resources/Value-Added-Technical-Reports-1/Technical-Documentation-of-EVAAS-Analysis.pdf.aspx">http://education.ohio.gov/getattachment/Topics/Data/Accountability-Resources/Value-Added-Technical-Reports-1/Technical-Documentation-of-EVAAS-Analysis.pdf.aspx</a>
- Zurawsky, C. (2004). Teachers matter: Evidence from value-added assessments. *American Educational Research Association*, 2(2), 1-4. Retrieved from <a href="http://www.c3schools.org/AAASGW/Session3/RP\_Summer04.pdf">http://www.c3schools.org/AAASGW/Session3/RP\_Summer04.pdf</a>

Please be advised: This draft document was created by the Educator Standards Board with outside parties for the sole purpose of guiding the work and discussions of the revised OTES Prototype Project, which convened during 2018-2019. After receiving considerable feedback from Prototype Project participants and other stakeholders, it was reviewed and edited further by the Educator Standards Board for the 2019-2020 Pilot. The 2019-2020 Pilot districts may also offer additional revisions. Please be aware that it is subject to change until the State Board of Education has approved the final version.

# Ohio Teacher Evaluation System (OTES 2.0) Framework\*

The State Board of Education values the importance of promoting educator professional growth that leads to improved instructional performance and student learning. OTES 2.0 is a professional growth model and is intended to be used to continually assist educators in enhancing teacher performance. An effective professional growth model considers a teacher's instructional strengths, while supporting identified areas for improvement according to the profile of each educator. This process is to be collaborative, ongoing and supportive of the professional growth of the teacher.

Each teacher will be evaluated according to Ohio Revised Code and the **Ohio Teacher**<u>Evaluation Framework</u>, which is aligned with the <u>Ohio Standards for the Teaching Profession</u>
adopted under state law. Using multiple factors set forth in the framework, the teacher's Final Holistic Rating will be based upon a combination of informal and formal observations and supporting evidence using the Teacher Performance Evaluation Rubric.



Progress on PGP

# Suggested Sequence To Enhance Growth

## **Essential Components**

Final Summative Conference

Essential components of the full evaluation consist of two formal observations of at least 30 minutes each and at least two classroom walkthroughs:

- Professional Growth Plan or Improvement Plan;
- One Formal Holistic Observation, followed by a conference;
- Walkthroughs with an emphasis on identified focus area(s) when applicable;
- One Formal Focused Observation with an emphasis on identified focus area(s); and
- One Summative Conference.

Draft: December 30, 2019

## **Professional Growth and Improvement Plans**

Either a Professional Growth Plan or an Improvement Plan will be developed annually. The plan will be based upon the results of the evaluation and aligned to any existing school district or building improvement plan.

The local board of education <u>may</u> elect to evaluate less frequently each teacher rated **Accomplished** on the teacher's most recent evaluation once every three years, provided the teacher submits a self-directed Professional Growth Plan\*\* to the evaluator, and the evaluator determines the teacher is making progress on that plan. The Professional Growth Plan shall focus on the most recent evaluation and observations. Less frequent evaluations must include one observation and one conference. Teachers with ratings of **Accomplished** may choose their credentialed evaluator for the evaluation cycle.

The local board of education <u>may</u> evaluate less frequently each teacher rated **Skilled** on the teacher's most recent evaluation once every two years, provided the teacher and evaluator jointly develop a Professional Growth Plan\*\* for the teacher, and the evaluator determines the teacher is making progress on that plan. The Professional Growth Plan shall focus on the most recent evaluation and observations. Less frequent evaluations must include one observation and one conference. Teachers with ratings of **Skilled** may have input on the selection of their credentialed evaluator for the evaluation cycle.

A teacher with a Final Holistic Rating of **Developing** will develop a Professional Growth Plan\*\* that is guided by the assigned credentialed evaluator.

A teacher with a Final Holistic Rating of **Ineffective** will be placed on an Improvement Plan developed by the assigned credentialed evaluator.

# High-Quality Student Data to Inform Instruction and Enhance Practice

Choosing and using high-quality student data (HQSD) to guide instructional decisions and meet student learning needs is key in making sound instructional decisions for students. The teacher evaluation will use at least two measures of district-determined High-Quality Student Data to **provide evidence of student learning attributable to the teacher** being evaluated. When applicable to the grade level or subject area taught by a teacher, HQSD shall include the value-added progress dimension and the teacher shall use at least one other measure of HQSD to demonstrate student learning. HQSD may be used as evidence in any component of the evaluation where applicable.

It is recognized there are many types of data that can be used to support student learning, and the data include much more than just test scores. These types of data and their uses are important and should continue to be used to guide instruction and address the needs of the whole child but may not meet the definition of high-quality student data for the purpose of teacher evaluation.

Draft: December 30, 2019

deterr	nined experts in the field of education to meet all of the following criteria:
	Align to learning standards
	Measure what is intended to be measured
	Be attributable to a specific teacher for course(s) and grade level(s) taught
	Demonstrate evidence of student learning (achievement and/or growth)
	Follow protocols for administration and scoring
	Provide trustworthy results
	Not offend or be driven by bias
AND	
The te	acher must use the data generated from the high-quality student data instrument by:
	Critically reflecting upon and analyzing available data, using the information as part of an ongoing cycle of support for student learning
	Considering student learning needs and styles, identifying the strengths and weaknesse of an entire class, as well as individual students
	Informing instruction and adapting instruction to meet student need based upon the information gained from the data analysis
	Measuring student learning (achievement and/or growth) and progress towards achieving state and local standards

The high-quality student data instrument used must be rigorously reviewed by locally

## **Additional Requirements**

Teachers must be provided with a written report of the results of their evaluation.

Additionally, at the local level, the board of education will include in its evaluation policy procedures for using the evaluation results for retention and promotion decisions and removal of poorly performing teachers. Seniority will not be the basis for teacher retention decisions, except when deciding between teachers who have comparable evaluations.

The local board of education will provide for the allocation of financial resources to support professional development for all teachers. The local board of education will also ensure that poorly performing teachers are provided with professional development to accelerate and continue teacher growth.

LEGAL REFS. ORC 3319.111; 3319.112

Draft: December 30, 2019

<sup>\*</sup> The <u>Ohio Teacher Evaluation System Framework</u> represents the required basic structure of the teacher evaluation system. For additional guidance, please see the <u>Ohio Teacher Evaluation Model</u>, which provides definitions of terms, detailed suggested implementation, and best practices for evaluating teachers in Ohio.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Districts have discretion to place any teacher on an Improvement Plan at any time based on deficiencies in any individual component of the evaluation system. However, the notice requirements for being placed on an Improvement Plan, the components of the plan and the implementation process for the plan may be subject to the terms of a collective bargaining agreement.

Please be advised: This draft document was created by the Educator Standards Board with outside parties for the sole purpose of guiding the work and discussions of the revised OTES Prototype Project which convened during 2018-2019. After receiving considerable feedback from Prototype Project participants and other stakeholders, it is being reviewed and will be potentially further edited by the Educator Standards Board. The 2019-2020 Pilot districts may also offer additional revisions. Please be aware that it is subject to change until the Educator Standards Board has recommended the final version.

# Ohio Teacher Evaluation System 2.0 Model



DRAFT: 12.11.19

# **DRAFT 2019**



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# Preface

The State Board of Education recognizes the importance of using teacher evaluation for the purpose of promoting educator professional growth that leads to improved instructional performance and student learning. Using a growth model when evaluating teachers to identify instructional strengths and support instruction is essential in improving the quality of instruction that students receive. The State Board of Education notes that evaluation is essential in strengthening professional practice and is used to inform employment decisions.

Ohio is committed to quality schools. The report of the Governor's Commission on Teaching Success was followed by the passage of Senate Bill 2 in 2004, which mandated the creation of the Educator Standards Board. The Board was charged with the creation of the *Ohio Standards for the Teaching Profession*, the *Ohio Standards for Principals*, and the *Ohio Standards for Professional Development*.

House Bill 1 in 2009 directed the Educator Standards Board to recommend model evaluation systems for teachers and principals to the State Board of Education for their review and adoption. The *Ohio Teacher Evaluation System (OTES)* was created in response to this mandate and designed to be used to assess the performance of Ohio teachers.

The OTES was collaboratively developed by Ohio teachers, school administrators, higher education faculty, and representatives from Ohio's professional associations, in collaboration with national experts in teacher evaluation. The scope of work of the Ohio Teacher Evaluation Writing Team during 2009-2011 included extensive study of model evaluation systems throughout the country. Many well-recognized state and district systems were examined in depth, including the District of Columbia Public Schools, Delaware, New Mexico, North Carolina, and Colorado. The nationally recognized work of Charlotte Danielson, Laura Goe, the New Teacher Center, and Learning Point Associates/American Institutes for Research (AIR) was utilized. This research and the collaboration of these national experts informed the components, processes, and tools included in the OTES. The OTES is research-based and designed to be transparent, fair, and adaptable to the specific contexts of Ohio's districts (rural, urban, suburban, large, and small). The evaluation system builds on what we know about the importance of ongoing assessment and feedback as a powerful vehicle to support improved practice.

In March 2017, the Educator Standards Board made recommendations to update the <u>Ohio Teacher Evaluation System (OTES)</u>. Legislative action found in SB 216 reflects many of those recommendations. The evaluation of teachers as required in Ohio Revised Code 3319.111 and 3319.112 includes the following requirements:

- Evaluation of teachers holding a teaching license and spending at least fifty percent of the time employed providing student instruction;
- Alignment with the Ohio Standards for the Teaching Profession (OSTP) adopted under section 3319.61 of the Revised Code;
- At least two formal observations of at least thirty minutes each and at least two classroom walkthroughs of the teacher conducted by a credentialed evaluator;
- An assignment of a rating on each evaluation conducted in accordance with the following levels of performance:
   Accomplished, Skilled, Developing, or Ineffective;
- An evaluation of every teacher to be completed by May 1 and a written report provided to the teacher by May 10;
- Options for less frequent evaluation of teachers who received Skilled or Accomplished ratings from the previous school year within the same district, providing them with feedback on their practice;
- Use of at least two measures of high-quality student data that provide evidence of student learning attributable to the teacher being evaluated; and
- Allocation of financial resources by the district to support professional development informed by evaluation results.

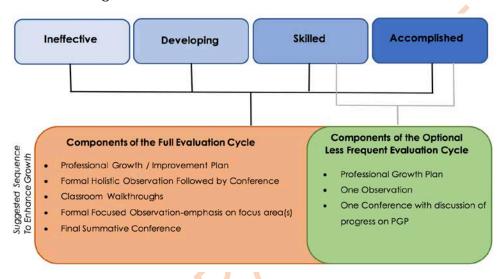
Beginning Fall 2018, participants from 42 districts provided feedback to the Ohio Department of Education and the Educator Standards Board as the OTES Prototype Project was conducted. Feedback from the prototype helped to guide the development of the revised DRAFT Ohio Teacher Evaluation System 2.0 (OTES 2.0). The DRAFT OTES 2.0 was piloted during 2019-2020 by 63 schools, districts, and ESCs with additional feedback garnered to guide the implementation of OTES 2.0 in the 2020-2021 school year.



# Ohio Teacher Evaluation System (OTES 2.0) Framework\*

The State Board of Education values the importance of promoting educator professional growth that leads to improved instructional performance and student learning. OTES 2.0 is a professional growth model and is intended to be used to continually assist educators in enhancing teacher performance. An effective professional growth model considers a teacher's instructional strengths while supporting identified areas for improvement according to the profile of each educator. This process is to be collaborative, ongoing, and supportive of the professional growth of the teacher.

Each teacher will be evaluated according to Ohio Revised Code and the Ohio Teacher Evaluation Framework which is aligned with the Ohio Standards for the Teaching Profession adopted under state law. Using multiple factors set forth in the framework, the teacher's Final Holistic Rating will be based upon a combination of informal and formal observations and supporting evidence using the Teacher Performance Evaluation Rubric.



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Essential components of the full evaluation consist of two formal observations of at least thirty minutes each and at least two classroom walkthroughs:

- Professional Growth Plan or Improvement Plan;
- One Formal Holistic Observation followed by a conference:
- Walkthroughs with an emphasis on identified focus area(s)when applicable:
- One Formal Focused Observation with an emphasis on identified focus area(s); and
- One summative conference.

## **Professional Growth and Improvement Plan**

Either a Professional Growth Plan or an Improvement Plan will be developed annually. The plan will be based upon the results of the evaluation and will be aligned to any existing school district or building improvement plan.

The local board of education <u>may</u> elect to evaluate less frequently each teacher rated **Accomplished** on the teacher's most recent evaluation once every three years, provided the teacher submits a self-directed Professional Growth Plan\*\* to the evaluator, and the evaluator determines that the teacher is making progress on that plan. The Professional Growth Plan shall focus on the most recent evaluation and observations. Less frequent evaluations must include one observation and one conference. Teachers with a rating of **Accomplished** may choose their credentialed evaluator for the evaluation cycle.

The local board of education <u>may</u> evaluate less frequently each teacher rated **Skilled** on the teacher's most recent evaluation once every two years, provided the teacher and evaluator jointly develop a Professional Growth Plan\*\* for the teacher, and the evaluator determines that the teacher is making progress on that plan. The Professional Growth Plan shall focus on the most recent evaluation and observations. Less frequent evaluations must include one observation and one conference. Teachers with a rating of **Skilled** may have input on the selection of their credentialed evaluator for the evaluation cycle.

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A teacher with a Final Holistic Rating of **Ineffective** will be placed on an Improvement Plan developed by the assigned credentialed evaluator.

## Using High-Quality Student Data to Inform Instruction and Enhance Practice

Choosing and using high-quality student data (HQSD) to guide instructional decisions and meet student learning needs is key in making sound instructional decisions for students. The teacher evaluation will use at least two measures of district-determined HQSD to provide evidence of student learning attributable to the teacher being evaluated. When applicable to the grade level or subject area taught by a teacher, HQSD shall include the value-added progress dimension, and the teacher shall use at least

one other measure of HQSD to demonstrate student learning. HQSD may be used as evidence in any component of the evaluation where applicable.

It is recognized that there are many types of data that can be used to support student learning and the data include much more than just test scores. These types of data and their uses are important and should continue to be used to guide instruction and address the needs of the whole child but may not meet the criteria/definition of high-quality student data for the purpose of teacher evaluation.

The high-quality student data instrument used must be rigorously reviewed by locally determined experts in the field of education to meet all of the following criteria:

	Align to learning standards
	Measure what is intended to be measured
	Be attributable to a specific teacher for course(s) and grade level(s) taught
	Demonstrate evidence of student learning (achievement and/or growth)
	Follow protocols for administration and scoring
	Provide trustworthy results
	Not offend or be driven by bias
AND	
The te	acher must use the data generated from the high-quality student data instrument by:
	Critically reflecting upon and analyzing available data, using the information as part of an ongoing cycle of support for student learning
	Considering student learning needs and styles, identifying the strengths and weaknesses of an entire class as well as individual students
	Informing instruction, adapting instruction to meet student need based upon the information gained from the data analysis



☐ Measuring student learning (achievement and/or growth) and progress towards achieving state/local standards

## **Additional Requirements**

Teachers must be provided with a written report of the results of their evaluation.

Additionally, at the local level, the board of education will include in its evaluation policy, procedures for using the evaluation results for retention and promotion decisions and for removal of poorly performing teachers. Seniority will not be the basis for teacher retention decisions, except when deciding between teachers who have comparable evaluations.

The local board of education will also provide for the allocation of financial resources to support professional development which accelerates and continues teacher growth and provides support to poorly performing teachers.

LEGAL REFS. ORC 3319.111; 3319.112

- \* The <u>Ohio Teacher Evaluation System Framework</u> represents the required basic structure of the teacher evaluation system. For additional guidance, please see the <u>Ohio Teacher Evaluation Model</u> which provides definitions of terms, detailed suggested implementation, and best practices for evaluating teachers in Ohio.
- \*\*Districts have discretion to place a teacher on an Improvement Plan at any time based on deficiencies in any individual component of the evaluation system. However, the notice requirements for being placed on an Improvement Plan, the components of the plan, and the implementation process for the plan may be subject to the terms of a collective bargaining agreement.

# Ohio Teacher Evaluation System 2.0 Model: Definition of Teacher Effectiveness

The *Ohio Teacher Evaluation Model* provides definitions of terms, detailed suggested implementation, and best practices for evaluating teachers in Ohio. After conducting extensive research, the following definition of teacher effectiveness was developed by educational practitioners in Ohio and is reinforced by the *Ohio Standards for the Teaching Profession*. Research supports the direct connection between effective teaching and student learning. Inherent in this definition is the expectation that all students will demonstrate learning (growth and/or achievement) based on High-Quality Student Data measures.

Ohio Standards for the Teaching Profession state effective teachers:

- Understand student learning and development, respect student diversity, and hold high expectations for all students to achieve and progress at high levels;
- Know and understand the content areas for which they have instructional responsibility;
- Understand and use varied assessments to inform instruction and evaluate and ensure student learning;
- Plan and deliver effective instruction that advances the learning of each individual student;
- Create a learning environment that promotes high levels of student learning and achievement for all students;
- Collaborate and communicate with students, parents, other teachers, administrators and the community to support student learning; and
- Assume responsibility for professional growth and performance as an individual and as a member of a learning community.

These characteristics are demonstrated within the Teacher Performance Evaluation Rubric.

# Ohio Teacher Evaluation System 2.0 Model: Organization

The *Ohio Teacher Evaluation System 2.0 Model* is designed to provide support for the implementation of the Ohio State Board of Education approved teacher evaluation framework. This document includes required components of OTES 2.0 along with best practices to assists schools and districts as they support individual professional growth. It is representative of stakeholder work that includes a prototype project and pilot. OTES 2.0 is a professional growth model and is intended to be used to continually assist educators in improving teacher performance. This process is to be collaborative, ongoing, and support the professional growth of the teacher.

Information contained in this model is organized to support best practices in teacher evaluation:

- Implementing the OTES 2.0 Model: Professional Growth Plan or Improvement Plan;
- Implementing the OTES 2.0 Model: Assessment of Teacher Performance;
- Implementing the OTES 2.0 Model: Observation Process;
- Implementing the OTES 2.0 Model: Use of High-Quality Student Data;
- Using Evidence to Inform Performance Rating;
- Assessment of Teacher Performance: Appendix A—Teacher Performance Evaluation Rubric; and
- Implementing the OTES 2.0 Model: Appendix B— District-Level Decisions: Best Practice Implementation; Suggested Forms to be Used in Implementation.

# Professional Growth Plan or Improvement Plan Processes

A Professional Growth Plan or an Improvement Plan is based on the OTES Final Holistic Rating from the most recent evaluation and observations. However, districts have discretion to place a teacher on an Improvement Plan at any time based on any individual deficiency in the evaluation system. The notice requirements for being placed on an Improvement Plan, the components of the plan, and the implementation process for the plan may be subject to the terms of a collective bargaining agreement.

## **Selection of Appropriate Plan**

Annually, each teacher must develop either a Professional Growth Plan or an Improvement Plan. The plan must be based on the results of the available evaluation within the current district (see Figure 1). All teacher Professional Growth and Improvement Plans must be aligned to any school district and/or building improvement plan(s).

Teachers new to the profession or district will collaboratively develop a Professional Growth Plan with the evaluator. Teachers with a Final Holistic Rating of **Accomplished** annually develop a self-directed Professional Growth Plan. Teachers with a Final Holistic Rating of **Skilled** annually develop a Professional Growth Plan to be completed collaboratively with the evaluator. Teachers with a Final Holistic Rating of **Developing** annually develop a Professional Growth Plan that is guided by the evaluator. Teachers with a Final Holistic Rating of **Ineffective** will be placed on an Improvement Plan that is developed by their evaluator.

#### PROFESSIONAL CONVERSATIONS AND PROGRESS CHECKS

As the teacher and evaluator work together during the evaluation process, conferences should take place several times during the year to provide opportunities for professional conversation or direction about performance, goals, and progress, as well as supports needed. During the year, the evaluator and teacher should discuss opportunities for professional development that evolve as a result of the evaluation process. In order to strengthen teacher professional practice, the Professional Growth Plan or Improvement Plan must be an integral part of the evaluation process. These plans are intended to be reviewed regularly and updated as necessary based on collaborative conversations between the evaluator and the teacher.

Figure 1—Selecting an Appropriate Plan

Accomplished Final Holistic Rating	Skilled Final Holistic Rating	Developing Final Holistic Rating	Ineffective Final Holistic Rating	No Previous Rating	Professional Growth or Improvement Plan Guidance
•	•	•		•	Growth Plan
			•		Improvement Plan
•					Self-directed by Teacher
	•			•	Collaborative- Teacher and Evaluator
		•			Guided by Evaluator
			•		Developed by Evaluator
•	•	•	•	•	Professional Conversations
•	•	•	•	•	Focused Observation with Professional Conversation and Support Based on Previous Holistic Observation
•	•	•	•	•	Mid-Year Progress Check
•	•	•	•		End-of-Year Evaluation

High Level of Autonomy

Moderate Level of Autonomy

Low Level of Autonomy

#### **ESTABLISHING GOALS**

The OTES goal-setting process is intended as a way for teachers to enhance or improve specific aspects of teaching. Clear professional goals provide focus and direction to improve practice and have a direct impact on student learning. Meaningful goals help teachers attain higher levels of performance and effectiveness. It is recommended that the Professional Growth Plan focus on one to two goals.

To positively impact instruction and achievement, goals must be based on an accurate assessment of teacher performance and student learning needs. Goals should be developed using multiple sources of data, including self-assessment based on the standards, high-quality student learning data, and identified focus area(s). Goals must align to any school district and/or building improvement plan(s); consider alignment to the vision and mission of any plan(s). Evidence indicators of progress

toward the goal(s) must be measurable and may be qualitative and/or quantitative.

Through the Professional Growth Plan process, it is suggested that teachers will meet with their evaluators at least three times—
(1) to set goals, (2) to assess progress, and (3) to reflect on the work at the end of the academic year. These discussions can occur during scheduled times for the pre-conference, post-conference, and end of year Final Summative Conference or as the evaluator determines is necessary.

Reflective practice is a way for teachers to consider what they know and are able to do, thereby identifying areas of strength and areas for further development. Districts may decide which of the following tools help their teachers engage in the process of reflection and self-assessment. The following three tools found on the ODE website may be used in whole or part:

At the broader level, the tool *Using the Standards for the Teaching Profession for Self-Assessment* will help teachers begin to reflect on their practice, knowledge, and skills as they relate to the *Ohio Standards for the Teaching Profession*. This tool uses guiding questions to probe teachers' strengths and potential for growth in each standard area.

Teachers may wish to reflect more deeply on their practice using the *Ohio Continuum of Teacher Development: A*Resource Tool for Educators. The *Ohio Continuum of Teacher Development* was developed to support Ohio's educators as they develop the skills and knowledge to provide the highest quality education to Ohio students. This continuum is based on the *Ohio Standards for the Teaching Profession* and describes teachers' development throughout the course of their careers and includes a column for recording supporting evidence.

Finally, after one or both of the above tools have been used for self-assessment, the **Self-Assessment Summary Tool** is provided to help the teacher identify areas of strength and areas for growth, think about sources of evidence, and establish overall priorities to enhance practice. The priorities that are established through this process should be used to aid in the development of goals for the Professional Growth Plan, as well as provide guidance to teacher and evaluator on the selection of focus area(s).

#### ANALYSIS OF AVAILABLE DATA IN THE SELF-ASSESSMENT PROCESS

Effective teachers regularly review evidence of their students' learning to assess the current level of performance against a set of desired learning goals. By examining student work, teachers have the opportunity to assess the impact of their own teaching on student progress, identify specific learning needs, and consider how to adjust instruction in response to those needs. It is important that teachers examine a range of data types and sources to ensure they have a comprehensive understanding of what their students know and are able to do, which supports the design and implementation of appropriate and relevant learning activities to foster the growth of students over time. A variety of sources should be examined in order to create a comprehensive picture of the students they teach. Teachers must analyze at least two sources of high-quality student data and then use that data in meaningful ways to support student learning and enhance their practice. It is recognized, though, that there are many types of data that can be used to support student learning. These types of data could include the following:

- Demographic data about students and school/district (age ranges, SES, attendance, or graduation rates);
- Student learning needs, academic performance, and student progress; and
- Perception data (such as from students, parents, school working conditions survey).

To gather data, teachers and district personnel may consult these resources:

- District and Building Local Report Cards;
- EMIS report for class or class period;
- Testing data; and
- Other data sources as needed and/or available.



#### **Professional Growth Plan**

The Professional Growth Plan is developed annually and is intended to help teachers identify areas of professional development that will enable them to enhance their practice. Teachers are accountable for the implementation and completion of the plan and should use the plan as a starting point for the school year. The Professional Growth Plan is not intended to replace the IPDP, nor is the IPDP intended to replace the Professional Growth Plan.

The Professional Growth Plan should be reflective of the evidence available and focus on the most recent evaluation and observations. The Professional Growth Plan should be individualized to the needs of the teacher. The school or district should provide for professional development opportunities and support the teacher by providing resources (e.g., time, financial). The Professional Growth Plan is intended to be clear and comprehensive. It is aligned to the most recent evaluation results and proposes a sequence of appropriate activities leading to progress on the goals.

#### PROGRESS ON THE PROFESSIONAL GROWTH PLAN

The Professional Growth Plan goal(s) are continually monitored and discussed with the evaluator throughout the year. It is sound professional practice that the evaluator and teacher meet three times a year to discuss goals and progress. The plan is intended to be reviewed regularly and updated as necessary based on collaborative conversations between the evaluator and the teacher. OTES 2.0 is intended to be a growth model, and, as such, it is expected that teachers will make progress on their Professional Growth Plan thereby leading to enhanced instruction and increased student learning.

The local board of education may evaluate less frequently each teacher who received a rating of **Accomplished** or **Skilled** on the teacher's most recent evaluation, so long as the teacher submits a Professional Growth Plan to the evaluator that considers the identified focus area(s) and the evaluator determines that the teacher is making progress on that plan. In any year the teacher is not fully evaluated, the evaluation must include one formal or informal observation as locally determined and one conference, which includes a discussion of progress on the plan.

#### Improvement Plan

Written Improvement Plans are to be developed when an educator has a Final Holistic Rating of Ineffective. However, districts have discretion to place a teacher on an Improvement Plan at any time based on any individual deficiency in the evaluation system. The notice requirements for being placed on an Improvement Plan, the components of the plan, and the implementation process for the plan may be subject to the terms of a collective bargaining agreement. The purpose of the Improvement Plan is to identify specific deficiencies in performance and foster growth through professional development and targeted support. If corrective actions are not made within the time specified in the Improvement Plan, a recommendation may be made for dismissal or continuation of the plan.

When an Improvement Plan is initiated by an administrator, it is the responsibility of the administrator to:

- Identify, in writing, the specific area(s) for improvement to be addressed that align to the **Ohio Standards for the Teaching Profession**:
- Specify, in writing, the desired level of performance that is expected to improve and a reasonable period of time to correct the deficiencies;
- Develop and implement a written plan for improvement that will be initiated immediately and include available resources and assistance:
- Determine additional education or professional development needed to improve in the identified area(s); and
- Gather evidence of progress or lack of progress.

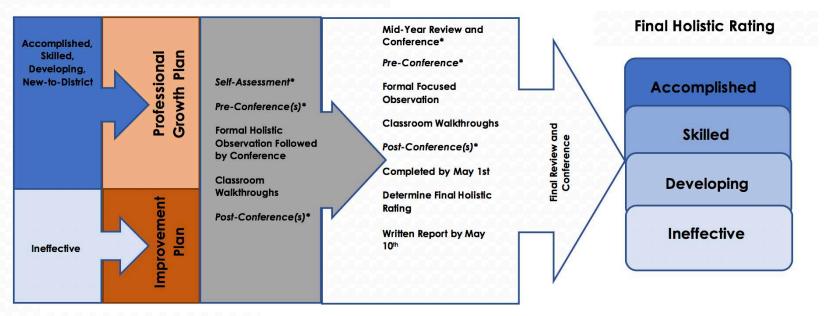
A reassessment of the educator's performance shall be completed in accordance with the written plan. This reassessment should be based on multiple observations of performance. Upon reassessment of the educator's performance, if improvement has been documented at an acceptable level of performance, the teacher may transition to a Professional Growth Plan. If the teacher's performance continues to remain at an **Ineffective** level, the supervising administrator may reinstate the Improvement Plan with additional recommendations for improvement or take the necessary steps to recommend dismissal.

# Assessment of Teacher Performance

All teachers, at all stages of their careers, will be assessed on their expertise and performance in the classroom and school setting. Teachers with a Final Holistic Rating of **Accomplished** <u>may</u> choose their credentialed evaluator. Teachers with a Final Holistic Rating of **Skilled** <u>may</u> have input on their credentialed evaluator. Teachers with a Final Holistic Rating of **Developing** or **Ineffective** will be assigned the credentialed evaluator. A credentialed evaluator is one who holds a state-approved OTES 2.0 credential and

- Possesses the proper certification/licensure to be an evaluator or
- Has been designated as an evaluator by the local board of education.

#### Teacher Performance: Full Evaluation



\*Indicates best practice but not required

Department

### The Formal Observation Process: Best Practice Implementation

Observations of teaching provide important evidence when assessing a teacher's performance and effectiveness. As an evaluator observes a teacher engaging students in learning, valuable evidence may be collected on multiple levels. As part of the formal observation process, on-going communication and collaboration between evaluator and teacher help foster a productive professional relationship that is supportive and leads to a teacher's professional growth and development. Based upon researched best practices, the formal observation process consists of pre-conferences, classroom observations (and walk-throughs), and post-conferences.

#### PRE-CONFERENCE: PLANNING AND OBSERVATION OF CLASSROOM TEACHING AND LEARNING

At the pre-conference, the evaluator and teacher discuss what the evaluator will observe during the classroom visitation. Important information is shared about the characteristics of the learners and learning environment. Specific information is also shared about the objectives of the lesson and the assessment of student learning. The conference will also give the teacher an opportunity to identify areas in which he/she would like focused feedback from the evaluator during the classroom observation. The preconference affords the teacher the opportunity to provide evidence that may not otherwise be visible during the observation(s). The communication takes place during a formal meeting and a record of the date(s) should be kept. After a preconference is held, best practice suggests scheduling a formal observation based on the lesson discussed.

The purpose of the pre-observation conference is to provide the evaluator and the teacher with an opportunity to discuss the following:

- Date of lesson;
- Lesson or unit objective(s);
- Prior learning experiences of the students;
- Characteristics of the learners/learning environment;
- Instructional strategies that will be used to meet the lesson objectives;
- Student activities and materials;
- Differentiation based on needs of students; and
- Assessment (data) collected to demonstrate student learning, such as the use of high-quality student data



#### FORMAL HOLISTIC OBSERVATION FOLLOWED BY A CONFERENCE

A formal observation consists of a visitation of a class period or the viewing of a class lesson. The observation should be conducted for an entire class period, lesson, or a minimum of 30 minutes. Formal observations may be announced or unannounced. During the classroom observation, the evaluator documents specific information related to teaching and learning. Each formal observation will be analyzed by the evaluator using the *Teacher Performance Evaluation Rubric*. A narrative summary will then be completed by the evaluator to document each formal observation. Formal observations will not include videotaping or sound recordings except with the written permission of the teacher. Teachers who are fully evaluated will participate in a minimum of two formal observations. Teachers who are being considered for non-renewal and have a limited or extended limited contract will participate in a minimum of three formal observations.

The first formal observation consists of documentation of the observation by the evaluator on all *observed* areas of the rubric as well as information gained through the pre-observation conference. A conference between the teacher and the evaluator will occur after the formal holistic observation to discuss the identified area(s) of focus. The focus may be area(s) of relative strength and/or area(s) for improvement. Teachers with a Final Holistic Rating of **Accomplished** will select their own focus area(s). Teachers with a Final Holistic Rating of **Skilled** will select focus area(s) in collaboration with their evaluator. Teachers with a Final Holistic Rating of **Developing** will be guided by their evaluator to determine focus area(s). Teachers with a Final Holistic Rating of **Ineffective** will have focus area(s) selected by the evaluator.

#### FORMAL FOCUSED OBSERVATION—WITH AN EMPHASIS ON IDENTIFIED FOCUS AREA(S)\*\*

The second formal observation will be a focused observation that may occur later in the school year. These may be announced or unannounced. A formal focused observation is a formal observation at least 30 minutes in length, emphasizing identified focus area(s) based upon the prior holistic observation. The purpose of the formal focused observation is to ensure the teacher is provided support necessary to enhance growth in the focus area(s). While evaluators must be certain to collect sufficient evidence around the identified focus area(s), they must also document sufficient evidence to support a Final Holistic Rating at the end of the evaluation cycle.

# CLASSROOM WALKTHROUGHS/INFORMAL OBSERVATIONS – WITH AN EMPHASIS ON IDENTIFIED FOCUSED AREA(S) WHEN APPLICABLE

Teachers who are fully evaluated will have at least two classroom walkthroughs. These may be announced or unannounced. Classroom walkthroughs are informal observations less than 30 minutes in length with an emphasis on identified focus area(s) when applicable. The focus may be area(s) of relative strength and/or area(s) for improvement.

During walkthroughs and the formal focused observation, it should be noted that evaluators are not limited to only collecting evidence on the identified focus area(s). Evaluators will need to ensure they have sufficient evidence to provide a Final Holistic Rating at the end of the evaluation cycle.

#### POST-CONFERENCE: REFLECTION

The purpose of the post-observation conference is to support reflection and provide feedback on the observed lesson and to identify strategies and resources for the teacher to incorporate into practice to increase effectiveness. Following the lesson, the teacher reflects on the lesson and whether the student learning outcomes were met. The evaluator will make recommendations and commendations which may become part of the teacher's evaluation. The evaluator and teacher will collaborate to make recommendations on the teacher's professional growth plan or improvement plan.

In general, the post-conference discussion between the evaluator and teacher should focus on identified area(s) of support. At this conference, teachers may bring additional evidence from the observed lesson that the evaluator can consider and review prior to determining a Final Holistic Rating. Other key outcomes of the post-conference are to determine area(s) of focus and to discuss progress on the focus area(s).

# Combining Measures to Obtain a Final Holistic Rating

A strong teacher evaluation system calls for ongoing collaboration and honest conversation between teachers and their evaluators. The foundation of such a system is the transparent, collaborative gathering and sharing of evidence that informs the teacher performance ratings at the end of the year. Some teacher behaviors are observable in the classroom while other evidence may be obtained from formal conferences, informal conversations, and evidence of practice, as well as input from colleagues, parents/guardians and students. The *Ohio Teacher Evaluation System* describes opportunities for the teacher and evaluator to discuss evidence, build a common understanding of the teacher's current practice, and identify areas for future growth. Regular check-ins also help the evaluator manage the administrative responsibility of gathering and organizing evidence with the teacher and encouraging evaluators to document teacher practices as they occur.

The **Teacher Performance Evaluation Rubric** is intended to be used for the purpose of promoting educator professional growth that leads to improved instructional performance. Using a growth model when evaluating teachers is essential to improve the quality of instruction that students receive by recognizing the teacher's instructional strengths while identifying and supporting improvement as needed. When completing the performance rubric, please note that evaluators are not expected to gather evidence on all indicators for each observation cycle. Likewise, teachers may, but are not required to, bring additional pieces of evidence to address all indicators for each observation cycle. However, for teachers on a full evaluation, prior to the end of the evaluation cycle, evaluators should ensure they have gathered sufficient evidence to provide a rating for each component to assist in the determination of the overall Final Holistic Rating.

Teacher performance is intended to be scored holistically. This means that evaluators will assess which level provides the best overall description of the teacher's practice. The evaluator is to consider evidence gathered during any pre-observation conference(s), the formal observations, the post-observation conference(s), the classroom walkthroughs, informal conversations, and evidence of practice and professionalism. Districts that elect to evaluate teachers rated **Accomplished** or **Skilled** on a less frequent evaluation cycle will conduct an observation and a conference which shall include a discussion of progress on the teacher's Professional Growth Plan.

#### A Review of the Teacher Performance Evaluation Rubric

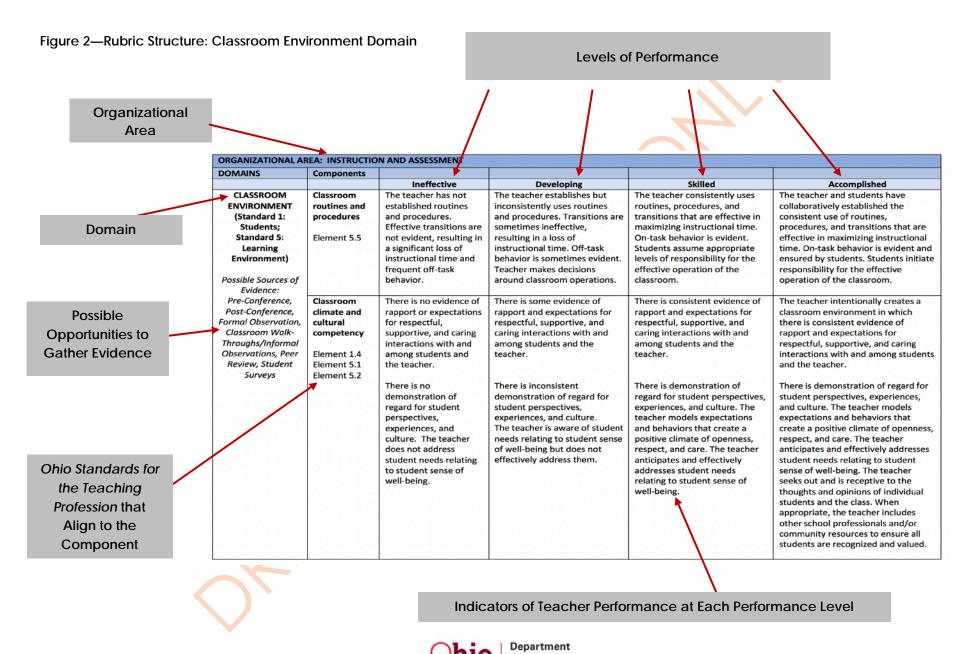
The **Teacher Performance Evaluation Rubric** describes teacher performance in three organizational areas

- Instructional Planning;
- Instruction and Assessment; and
- Professionalism

through six domains of teacher practice

- Focus for Learning;
- Knowledge of Students;
- Lesson Delivery;
- Classroom Environment:
- Assessment of Student Learning; and
- Professional Responsibilities

that align with the *Ohio Standards for the Teaching Profession*. The rubric supports evaluators in conducting a comprehensive review of teacher practices and interactions in and out of the classroom and helps them consider patterns of evidence and trends in performance over the course of the year. The rubric provides detailed descriptions of practice and behavior at four levels of performance—Ineffective, Developing, Skilled, and Accomplished—and provides guidance about likely sources of evidence related to performance in each domain (see Figure 2).



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## **Defining the Performance Ratings**

In accordance with Ohio Revised Code 3319.112, the rubric describes four levels of teacher performance for each component within the six rubric domains. Each performance rating can also be described in more general terms as a holistic rating of teacher performance:

Figure 3—Defining the Four Performance Ratings

#### Ineffective:

This rating indicates that the teacher fails to demonstrate minimum performance expectations.

A rating of **Ineffective** indicates that the teacher consistently fails to demonstrate competency. The teacher is not effectively meeting the needs of his or her students. The teacher requires immediate assistance through ongoing intensive support.

## **Developing:**

This rating indicates the teacher is working to utilize his or her growing knowledge and skills.

A rating of **Developing** indicates that the teacher demonstrates competency in some of the teaching standards but needs improvement in others. The teacher attempts to meet the needs of the whole group. The Developing teacher is in the process of refining his or her skills and abilities. The teacher strives to improve his or her instructional and professional practice. The teacher may be making progress, but performance requires ongoing professional support for necessary growth to

#### Skilled:

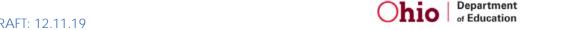
This rating is the rigorous, expected performance level.

A rating of **Skilled** indicates that the teacher consistently meets expectations for performance and fully demonstrates competency in most of the teaching standards. The teacher addresses the needs of groups of students. The Skilled teacher integrates knowledge, skills, and abilities needed for effective classroom instruction. The teacher consistently strives to improve his or her instructional and professional practice. The Skilled teacher demonstrates purposefulness, flexibility, and consistency.

## Accomplished:

This rating is the highest level of achievement.

A rating of **Accomplished** indicates that the teacher consistently meets expectations for performance and fully demonstrates competency in most or all of the teaching standards. The teacher addresses the needs of individual students. The Accomplished teacher uses a strong foundation of knowledge, skills, and abilities to innovate and enhance their classroom, building, and potentially the profession. The teacher consistently strives to improve his or her instructional and professional practice and contributes to the school, building or district through the development and support of colleagues. The Accomplished teacher is a leader who empowers and influences others.



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## Using Evidence to Inform Final Holistic Performance Ratings

The following is suggested step-by-step guidance to support evaluators in gathering, reviewing, and analyzing multiple data points that inform teacher performance ratings.

#### STEP 1: GATHER EVIDENCE ON TEACHER PERFORMANCE

Evidence of performance comes in many forms. Formal observations and walkthroughs, scheduled conferences, informal interactions, lesson plans, student work, correspondence with families, and feedback from other sources all "count" as evidence of teacher practice. All collected evidence must be factual and documented.

The evaluator should jot down notes after interactions with a teacher and save key artifacts, such as a typical lesson plan or evidence shared by the teacher. Use quotes or paraphrasing when possible. The evaluator must capture enough detail to accurately but succinctly describe the event, interaction, or behavior factually without implied judgment or opinion. The evaluator will share evidence with teachers throughout the year, so the information can be used as a basis for changes in practice.

**Tip:** Review all evidence of a teacher's performance for the year before issuing an end-of-year rating. Write adequate detail around the early interactions to jog your memory and keep you grounded in facts.

Next, the evaluator will group the evidence collected from time in the classroom, conferences, and everyday interactions with the teacher into the six domain areas of performance described by the *Teacher Performance Evaluation Rubric*. The evaluator will record the evidence below the relevant component on the rubric, as indicated in Figure 4, so it is automatically

**Tip:** Update notes on the rubric regularly as evidence is gathered so that all the evidence is organized in one place as the year progresses.

organized for future analysis. While it is possible that in some cases evidence may not be gathered for every indicator, it is expected that the evaluator should generally be able to gather enough evidence within each domain to substantiate a rating.

#### Figure 3—Example of Evidence Collection Form

1	

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	ORGANIZATIONAL AREA: INSTRUCTION AND ASSESSMENT							
Domains	Components							
		Ineffective	Developing	Skilled	Accomplished			
LESSON DELIVERY	Communication	The teacher does not	The teacher inconsistently	The teacher is consistent and	The teacher is consistent and			
(Standard 2:	with students	communicate learning	communicates learning goals,	effective in communicating	effective in communicating			
Content,		goals and expectations for	expectations for mastery, and	appropriate, needs-based	differentiated learning goals			
Standard 3:	Element 2.2	mastery and does not	models of exemplary	differentiated learning goals,	(needs based, interest based,			
Assessment,	Element 4.3	model exemplary	performance with students.	expectations for mastery, and	strength based, etc.), expectations			
Standard 4:	Element 4.6	performance with	There is limited use of	models of exemplary	for mastery, and models of			
Instruction,	Element 6.1	students. Students are not	differentiated learning goals.	performance with students.	exemplary performance with			
Standard 5:		able to discern learning			students through multiple			
Learning		goals. Differentiated			communication techniques.			
Environment,		learning goals are not						
Standard 6:		used.						
Collaboration and								
Communication)		The teacher does not	The teacher demonstrates	The teacher demonstrates	The teacher demonstrates content			
		demonstrate content	some content knowledge by	content knowledge by	knowledge by consistently using			
Possible Sources of		knowledge by using	using limited content-specific,	consistently using content-	content-specific, developmentally			
Evidence:		content-specific,	developmentally appropriate	specific, developmentally	appropriate language and content-			
Pre-Conference,		developmentally	language and uses limited	appropriate language and	specific strategies in order to			
Post-Conference,		appropriate language or	content-specific strategies.	content-specific strategies in	engage students.			
Formal Observation,		content-specific strategies.	Students demonstrate little	order to engage students.	The teacher's communication			
Classroom Walk-		There is no student	engagement in the lesson.	The teacher's communication	strategies and questioning			
Throughs/Informal		engagement.		strategies and questioning	techniques engage students in			
Observations, Peer				techniques check for	higher-level and creative thinking			
Review				understanding and encourage	and stimulate student-to-student			
				higher-level thinking.	interactions.			
		The teacher dass not	Foodbook to students is	Substanting specific and	Substantive specific and timely			
		The teacher does not	Feedback to students is general, occasional, or limited	Substantive, specific and timely feedback is given to	Substantive, specific and timely feedback is given to support			
		provide students with feedback.	and may not always support	students to support student	individual student learning. The			
		reedback.	student learning.	learning.	teacher provides opportunities for			
			student learning.	learning.	students to engage in self-			
					assessment, provide feedback to			
					one another, and reflect on their			
					own strengths and challenges.			
					own sa engals and chancinges.			
	Evidence	Click or tap here to	Click or tap here to enter	Click or tap here to enter	Click or tap here to enter text.			
		enter text.	text.	text.				
		enter text.	text.	text.				

As it is gathered, evidence should be recorded in the component area and performance level where the evaluator feels it best matches the teacher practices described by the indicators.

#### STEP 2: ISSUE A HOLISTIC PERFORMANCE RATING

The evaluator will read all of the evidence collected up to that point within a domain, looking for patterns. The evaluator should be cognizant of behaviors, actions, or outcomes that occur multiple times within a domain versus those that appear to be single, outlying events. This analysis will inform judgments about the teacher's typical performance.

Next, the evaluator will compare the evidence and patterns to the indicators within a domain. The evaluator will start by rereading all of the **Skilled** indicators in a domain. Does the evidence exemplify this level of performance? Whether it does or not, look at the **Accomplished** and **Developing** indicators as well to decide if either of them better aligns with the available evidence. If the **Developing** indicators seem to be an appropriate match to much of the evidence, also read the **Ineffective** indicators carefully to consider whether a significant portion of the evidence matches this level. The evaluator will select the performance level that best describes the preponderance of evidence for this domain. The evaluator will repeat this process for each domain.

#### STEP 3: ISSUE THE END-OF-YEAR PERFORMANCE RATING

Once the evaluator determines a rating for each domain, based on the available evidence from multiple interactions, such as formal observations and walkthroughs, scheduled conferences, informal interactions, lesson plans, student work, correspondence with families, and feedback from other sources, the evaluator will look at the larger picture of performance across all domains. Although all domains are important for effective teacher practice, it may be appropriate to prioritize patterns of behavior in one domain over another as the evidence and domain ratings are reviewed. For example, knowledge of a specific classroom context may demonstrate that a teacher's pattern of **Skilled** behavior in the Lesson Delivery and Classroom Environment domains overshadows weaker performance in other areas. Additionally, some of the lost instructional time observed during a classroom visit may be due to the teacher's intense attention to individual student needs, thus downplaying the significance of this piece of evidence. The key point is that no one area of performance should be considered in isolation but should be analyzed in relation to all other areas of performance.

**Tip**: Even the most comprehensive compilation of evidence is only a series of snapshots of a teacher's performance. Therefore, use well-cultivated professional judgment informed by training and evidence of an individual's performance to arrive at a holistic performance rating. **Do not** use a formula to "add up" the ratings for each domain, as this strategy may gloss over areas in need of improvement or obscure the teacher's progress over time.

It is particularly important to consider *trends* in the teacher's performance over time. Was the teacher consistent in his or her practice? Did he or she improve, or did the teacher decline in one or more areas? If a pattern of evidence in a domain displays a trend of behavior or practice, the evaluator may consider placing more emphasis on the improvement or decline in this area.

The evaluator should flag any instance of an **Ineffective** rating while preparing to issue the Final Holistic Rating. While the example of ineffective behavior should be examined within the context of all evidence collected

for the teacher, consider that there are minimum competency thresholds for each of the six domains described in the **Teacher Performance Evaluation Rubric**. It is possible that a serious deficiency in one domain can carry more weight than positive ratings in other domains. Rely on professional judgment, supported by the gathered evidence, to decide if this evidence of ineffective practice is grounds to issue a final **Ineffective** holistic rating, considering the impact of the deficiency on the teacher's classroom, colleagues, and whole school.

The evaluator will complete the performance rating process by documenting the Final Holistic Rating as required by the locally bargained agreement and share the findings with the teacher. In the discussion or written summary with the teacher, the evaluator should highlight evidence that provides representative examples of the Final Holistic Rating. The evaluator should use pieces of evidence that illustrate specific practices related to the identified focus area(s). Finally, the evaluator should provide succinct, targeted feedback on next steps that will promote educator professional growth and lead to enhanced instructional practice.

# Appendix A

### **Teacher Performance Evaluation Rubric**

The **Teacher Performance Evaluation Rubric** is intended to be scored holistically. This means that evaluators will assess which level provides the best overall description of the teacher. The rating process is expected to occur upon completion of each thirty (30) minute observation and post-conference. To determine the rating for each thirty (30) minute observation, the evaluator is to consider evidence gathered during the pre-observation conference, the observation, the post-observation conference, and classroom walkthroughs (if applicable). When completing the performance rubric, please note that evaluators are not expected to gather evidence on all *indicators* for each observation cycle. Likewise, teachers may, but are not required to, bring additional pieces of evidence to address all *indicators*. The professionalism section of the rubric may use evidence collected during the pre-observation and post-observation conferences as well as information from the Professional Growth and/or Improvement Plan (if applicable).

ORGANIZATIONAL AF	<u> </u>	•		The Fronessional Growth array of the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Domains	Components					
		Ineffective	Developing	Skilled	Accomplished	
FOCUS FOR	Use of High-	The teacher does not use	The teacher uses one source	The teacher correctly and	The teacher correctly and thoroughly	
LEARNING	Quality Student	high-quality student data	of high-quality student data	thoroughly analyzes patterns	analyzes trends and patterns in at	
(Standard 1:	Data	to develop measurable	and attempts to analyze	in at least two sources of	least two sources of high-quality	
Students, Standard		and developmentally	patterns to develop	high-quality student data to	student data to develop measurable	
2: Content,	Element 1.1	appropriate student	measurable and	develop measurable and	and developmentally appropriate	
Standard 3:	Element 1.2	growth goal(s).	developmentally appropriate	developmentally appropriate	student growth goal(s) and monitors	
Assessment,	Element 1.3		student growth goal(s). The	student growth goal(s) and	student progress toward goals.	
Standard 4:	Element 3.3		analysis may be incomplete	monitors student progress		
Instruction)			or inaccurate.	toward goals.	The teacher plans for the facilitation of developmentally appropriate	
Possible Sources of					student data collection and strategies	
Evidence:				to assist in student goal sett		
Pre-Conference,					progress monitoring.	
Artifacts,						
Portfolios,						
Analysis of Student	Connections to	The teacher plans lessons	The teacher plans lessons	The teacher plans lessons that	The teacher plans lessons that	
Data,	prior and	that demonstrate no	that attempt to make	intentionally make clear and	intentionally make clear and coherent	
Lesson Plans,	future learning	connection to student	connections with student	coherent connections with	with connections with student prior and	
Student Surveys,		prior learning or future	prior learning or future	student prior learning and	future learning and include strategies	
Common	Element 1.2	learning.	learning. These connections	future learning and include	that communicate the connections to	
Assessments	Element 2.1		are not clear.	strategies that communicate	students - among lesson content,	
	Element 2.2			the connections to students.	other disciplines and/or real-world	

Domains	Components				
		Ineffective	Developing	Skilled	Accomplished
	Element 2.4 Element 2.5				experiences. The teacher plans lessons that utilize the input and contributions of families, colleagues, and/or other professionals in understanding each student's prior knowledge, while supporting the student's development.
	Connections to state standards and district priorities Element 2.3 Element 4.1 Element 4.7	The teacher's instructional plan does not reference Ohio's Learning Standards.	The teacher's instructional plan references Ohio's Learning Standards, but goals and activities do not align with student needs, school and district priorities, or the standards.	The teacher's instructional plan incorporates activities, assessments, and resources, including available technology, that align with student needs, school and district priorities, and Ohio's Learning Standards.	The teacher's instructional plan incorporates activities, assessments, and resources, including available technology, that align with student needs, school and district priorities, and Ohio's Learning Standards.  The teacher participates in studying and evaluating advances in content and/or provides input on school and district curriculum.
KNOWLEDGE OF STUDENTS (Standard 1: Students, Standard 4: Instruction, Standard 6: Collaboration and Communication) Possible Sources of Evidence: Analysis of Student	Planning instruction for the whole child  Element 1.2 Element 1.4 Element 1.5 Element 4.2 Element 4.4 Element 6.4	The teacher's instructional plan makes no connection to and the teacher is not familiar with student experiences, culture, developmental characteristics, or backgrounds.	The teacher's instructional plan makes minimal connections to student experiences, culture, developmental characteristics, or student backgrounds.	The teacher's instructional plan reflects connections to student experiences, culture, and developmental characteristics. These may include prior learning, abilities, strengths, needs, talents, backgrounds, skills, language proficiency, and interests.	The teacher's instructional plan reflects consistent connections to student experiences, culture, and developmental characteristics. These may include prior learning, abilities, strengths, needs, individual talents, backgrounds, skills, language proficiency, and interests. The instructional plan draws upon input from school professionals and outside resources.



ORGANIZATIONAL AREA: INSTRUCTIONAL PLANNING								
Domains	Components							
		Ineffective	Developing	Skilled	Accomplished			
Pre-Conference,								
Artifacts, Student								
Surveys								

ORGANIZATIONAL AF	REA: INSTRUCTION A	AND ASSESSMENT			
Domains	Components				
		Ineffective	Developing	Skilled	Accomplished
LESSON DELIVERY	Communication	The teacher does not	The teacher inconsistently	The teacher is consistent and	The teacher is consistent and
(Standard 2:	with students	communicate learning	communicates learning goals,	effective in communicating	effective in communicating
Content,		goals and expectations for	expectations for mastery, and	appropriate, needs-based	differentiated learning goals
Standard 3:	Element 2.2	mastery and does not	models of exemplary	differentiated learning goals,	(needs based, interest based,
Assessment,	Element 4.3	model exemplary	performance with students.	expectations for mastery, and	strength based, etc.), expectations
Standard 4:	Element 4.6	performance with	There is lim <mark>it</mark> ed use of	models of exemplary	for mastery, and models of
Instruction,	Element 6.1	students. Students are not	differentiated learning goals.	performance with students.	exemplary performance with
Standard 5:		able to discern learning			students through multiple
Learning		goals. Differentiated			communication techniques.
Environment,		learning goals are not			
Standard 6:		used.			
Collaboration and					
Communication)		The teacher does not	The teacher demonstrates	The teacher demonstrates	The teacher demonstrates content
		demonstrate content	some content knowledge by	content knowledge by	knowledge by consistently using
Possible Sources of		knowledge by using	using limited content-specific,	consistently using content-	content-specific, developmentally
Evidence:		content-specific,	developmentally appropriate	specific, developmentally	appropriate language and content-
Pre-Conference,		developmentally	language and uses limited	appropriate language and	specific strategies in order to
Post-Conference,		appropriate language or	content-specific strategies.	content-specific strategies in	engage students.
Formal Observation,		content-specific strategies.	Students demonstrate little	order to engage students.	The teacher's communication
Classroom Walk-		There is no student	engagement in the lesson.	The teacher's communication	strategies and questioning
Throughs/Informal		engagement.		strategies and questioning	techniques engage students in
Observations, Peer				techniques check for	higher-level and creative thinking
Review					

Domains	Components				
		Ineffective	Developing	Skilled	Accomplished
		The teacher does not provide students with feedback.	Feedback to students is general, occasional, or limited and may not always support student learning.	understanding and encourage higher-level thinking.  Substantive, specific and timely feedback is given to students to support student learning.	and stimulate student-to-student interactions.  Substantive, specific and timely feedback is given to support individual student learning. The teacher provides opportunities for students to engage in selfassessment, provide feedback to one another, and reflect on their own strengths and challenges.
	Monitoring student understanding Element 3.2 Element 3.3	The teacher fails to monitor and address student confusion and misconceptions.	The teacher inconsistently monitors or incorrectly addresses student confusion and misconceptions.	The teacher consistently monitors and addresses common student confusion and misconceptions by presenting information in multiple formats and clarifying content as challenges are perceived.	The teacher consistently monitors, addresses, articulates, and anticipates individual student confusion or misconceptions by presenting information in multiple formats and clarifying content as challenges are perceived.
LESSON DELIVERY (continued)	Student- centered learning  Element 3.5 Element 4.5 Element 4.6 Element 5.3 Element 5.4	The learning is entirely teacher directed. Students are not participating in learning activities.	The learning is primarily teacher directed. Students participate in whole-class learning activities.	The learning is a balance between teacher-directed instruction and student-directed interaction as students apply their knowledge and skills as developmentally appropriate. The teacher effectively combines collaborative and whole class learning	The learning is primarily self-directed with the teacher in the role of facilitator encouraging students to apply their knowledge and skills as developmentally appropriate. The teacher encourages students to persist in the learning tasks. The teacher effectively combines independent, collaborative, and whole class



ORGANIZATIONAL A	RGANIZATIONAL AREA: INSTRUCTION AND ASSESSMENT								
Domains	Components								
		Ineffective	Developing	Skilled	Accomplished				
		There are no opportunities for student choice about what will be learned and how learning will be demonstrated. There is no evidence of differentiated instructional strategies or resources.	There are few opportunities for student choice about what will be learned and how learning will be demonstrated. The teacher uses limited differentiated instructional strategies or resources.	opportunities to maximize student learning.  Teacher provides opportunities for student choice about-student learning paths or ways to demonstrate their learning. Teacher uses differentiated instructional strategies and resources for groups of students.	learning opportunities to maximize student learning.  Teacher routinely promotes opportunities for students to actively participate in developing goals toward mastery, and students are responsible for decision-making to demonstrate their learning. Instructional strategies, pacing, and resources are differentiated to make the lesson accessible and challenging for all students while supporting the various learning needs of individual students.				

ORGANIZATIONAL AREA: INSTRUCTION AND ASSESSMENT								
DOMAINS	Components							
		Ineffective	Developing	Skilled	Accomplished			
CLASSROOM	Classroom	The teacher has not	The teacher establishes but	The teacher consistently uses	The teacher and students have			
ENVIRONMENT	routines and	established routines	inconsistently uses routines	routines, procedures, and	collaboratively established the			
(Standard 1:	procedures	and procedures.	and procedures. Transitions are	transitions that are effective in	consistent use of routines,			
Students;		Effective transitions are	sometimes ineffective,	maximizing instructional time.	procedures, and transitions that are			
Standard 5:	Element 5.5	not evident, resulting in	resulting in a loss of	On-task behavior is evident.	effective in maximizing instructional			
Learning		a significant loss of	instructional time. Off-task	Students assume appropriate	time. On-task behavior is evident and			
Environment)		instructional time and	behavior is sometimes evident.	levels of responsibility for the	ensured by students. Students initiate			
		frequent off-task	Teacher makes decisions	effective operation of the	responsibility for the effective			
Possible Sources of		behavior.	around classroom operations.	classroom.	operation of the classroom.			
Evidence:								

DOMAINS	Components				
		Ineffective	Developing	Skilled	Accomplished
Pre-Conference, Post-Conference, Formal Observation, Classroom Walk- Throughs/Informal Observations, Peer Review, Student Surveys	Classroom climate and cultural competency Element 1.4 Element 5.1 Element 5.2	There is no evidence of rapport or expectations for respectful, supportive, and caring interactions with and among students and the teacher.  There is no demonstration of regard for student perspectives, experiences, and culture. The teacher does not address student needs relating to student sense of well-being.	There is some evidence of rapport and expectations for respectful, supportive, and caring interactions with and among students and the teacher.  There is inconsistent demonstration of regard for student perspectives, experiences, and culture. The teacher is aware of student needs relating to student sense of well-being but does not effectively address them.	There is consistent evidence of rapport and expectations for respectful, supportive, and caring interactions with and among students and the teacher.  There is demonstration of regard for student perspectives, experiences, and culture. The teacher models expectations and behaviors that create a positive climate of openness, respect, and care. The teacher anticipates and effectively addresses student needs relating to student sense of well-being.	The teacher intentionally creates a classroom environment in which there is consistent evidence of rapport and expectations for respectful, supportive, and caring interactions with and among students and the teacher.  There is demonstration of regard for student perspectives, experiences, and culture. The teacher models expectations and behaviors that create a positive climate of openness, respect, and care. The teacher anticipates and effectively addresses student needs relating to student sense of well-being. The teacher seeks out and is receptive to the thoughts and opinions of individual students and the class. When appropriate, the teacher includes other school professionals and/or community resources to ensure all students are recognized and valued.
ASSESSMENT OF STUDENT LEARNING (Standard 1: Students;	Use of assessments  Element 3.1 Element 3.2	The teacher does not use varied assessments.	The teacher makes limited use of varied assessments.	The teacher selects, develops and uses multiple assessments including routine use of various diagnostic, formative, and summative assessments.	The teacher intentionally and strategically selects, develops and uses multiple assessments including routine use of various diagnostic, formative, and summative
Standard 3: Assessment)	Element 3.3 Element 3.4				assessments. The teacher provides differentiated assessment choices to meet the full range of student needs

DOMAINS	Components				
		Ineffective	Developing	Skilled	Accomplished
Possible Sources of					
Evidence:		The teacher fails to	The teacher attempts to	The teacher analyzes patterns to	The teacher analyzes data trends and
Pre-Conference,		analyze data and makes	analyze data and modify	measure targeted student	patterns to measure targeted student
Formal Observation,		little or no attempt to	instruction, though the	learning, anticipate learning	learning, anticipate learning
Classroom		modify instruction to	modifications do not meet	obstacles, modify instruction	obstacles, modify instruction and
Observation,		meet student needs.	student needs.	and differentiate to meet the	differentiate to meet individual
Classroom Walk-				needs of groups of students.	student needs.
Throughs/Informal					
Observations,		The teacher does not	The teacher shares evidence of	The teacher shares evidence of	The teacher shares evidence of
Assessments,		share evidence of	student learning with students.	student learning with parents	student learning with colleagues,
Student Portfolios,		student learning with		and students in order to plan	parents, and students in order to
Post-Conference		students.		instruction to meet student	collaboratively plan instruction to
				needs.	meet individual student needs.
	Evidence of	The teacher's	The teacher uses one source of	The teacher uses at least two	The teacher uses at least two sources
	student	assessment data	high-quality student data to	sources of high-quality student	of high-quality student data to
	learning	demonstrates no	demonstrate clear evidence of	data to demonstrate growth	demonstrate growth and/or
		evidence of growth	appropriate growth and/or	and/or achievement over time	achievement over time showing clear
	Element 1.3	and/or achievement	achievement over time for	showing clear evidence of	evidence of above expected growth
		over time for most of	some of the teacher's students.	expected growth and/or	and/or achievement for most
		the teacher's students.		achievement for most students.	students.
			•		

Collaboration and Communication; Standard 7: Professional Responsibility and Growth	Domains	Components				
RESPONSIBILITIES (Standard 6: Collaboration and Communication; Standard 7: Professional Responsibility and Growth)  Possible Sources of Evidence: Professional Congreence, Artifocts, Self-Assessment, Peer Review  District policies and professional responsibilities  District policies and professional responsibilities  The teacher demonstrates and for and understanding of district policies, state and professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher on unsuccessful communication and engagement strategies with students and families that do not adequately contribute to student learning, well-being, and development.  The teacher inconsistently or unsuccessfully communicates and/or collaborates with colleagues to examine instructional practice.  The teacher demonstrates understanding of district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding of district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding of district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding of district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher effectively communicates and collaborates with students and families that do not adequately contribute to student learning, well-being, and development.  The teacher effectively communicates and collaborates with colleagues to examine instructional practice and to analyze patterns in student to any professional practice.  The teacher demonstrates unde			Ineffective	Developing	Skilled	Accomplished
Collaboration and with families   Students and development.    The teacher detectively communicates and collaborates with colleagues   Students and students	PROFESSIONAL	Communication	The teacher does not	The teacher uses	The teacher uses effective and	The teacher uses multiple means of
Collaboration and Communication; Standard 7: Professional Responsibility and Growth)  Possible Sources of Evidence: Professional Plan or Improvement Plan, Pre-Conference, Artificats, Self-Assessment, Peer Review  Composibilities  District policies and professional responsibilities  District policies and professional responsibilities  Element 7.1  District policies and professional responsibilities  Element 7.1  Author of Michael Element 7.1  Element 7.1  With families  Element 6.2  Element 6.2  Communication and development.  Element 6.2  Communication and evelopment.  The teacher inconsistently or collaborates with colleagues instructional practice and to analyze patterns in student work and student data, in order to identify and implement targeted strategies for improvement of professional practice.  The teacher demonstrates alack of district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  With families  Element 6.2  Communication and development.  The teacher effectively communicates and collaborates with colleagues to examine instructional practice and to analyze patterns in student work and student data, in order to identify and implement targeted strategies for improvement of professional practice.  The teacher demonstrates understanding of district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations. And the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher resulting in the improvement of professional practice.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher essenting in dividual practic and to development.  The teacher effectively communicates and collaboration instructional practice and to identify and practice and to identify and pra	RESPONSIBILITIES	and	communicate with	inconsistent or unsuccessful	appropriate communication and	effective and appropriate ongoing
Standard 7: Professional Responsibility and Growth   Element 6.2   Element 6.2   Students and families that do not adequately contribute to student learning, well-being, and development.   Student learning, well-being, and development of student learning, well-being, and development of student learning, well-being, and development.   The teacher does not communicate and/or collaboration with colleagues   Plan or Improvement Plan, Pre-Conference, Artifocts, Self-Assessment, Peer Review   District policies and professional responsibilities   District policies and professional responsibilities   The teacher demonstrates and professional regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.   The teacher demonstrates and families that do not adequately contribute to student learning, well-being, and development of student learning, well-being, and development.   The teacher inconsistently or unsuccessfully or communicates and/or collaborates with colleagues to examine instructional practice and to analyze patterns in student work and student data, in order to identify and implement targeted strategies for improvement of professional practice.   The teacher demonstrates and professional responsibilities   The teacher demonstrates and professional conduct for Ohio Educators.   The teacher demonstrates and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.   The teacher demonstrates on the Communicates and/or communication, active participation and development.    The teacher initiates offective communicates and collaborates with colleagues to examine instructional practice and to analyze patterns in student work and student data, in order to identify and implement targeted strategies for improvement of professional practice.    The teacher demonstrates and collaborates with colleagues to examine instructional practice and to analyze patterns in student learning, well-being, and development.    The teacher initiates offective communication and collaborat	(Standard 6:	collaboration	students and families.	communication and	engagement strategies with	communication and engagement
Standard 7: Professional Responsibility and Growth)  Possible Sources of Evidence: Professional Growth Plan or Improvement Plan, Pre-Conference, Artifacts, Self-Assessment, Peer Review  District policies and professional responsibilities  District policies and professional responsibilities  Plan or Improvement 7.1  District policies and professional responsibilities responsibilities and professional responsibilities  Plan or Improvement 7.1  District policies and professional responsibilities responsibilities responsibilities and professional responsibilities responsibilities or Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  Element 6.1  Element 6.2  District policies and collaboration with colleagues of Professional professional regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  Element 6.2  Communication and development.  The teacher inconsistently or unsuccessfully communicates and collaborates with colleagues to examine instructional practice and to analyze patterns in student work and student data, in order to identify and implement targeted strategies for improvement of professional practice.  District policies and professional responsibilities and professional responsibilities and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher exemplifies effective leadership characteristics beyond classroom. The teacher helps shall professional professional class to student learning, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educ	Collaboration and	with families		engagement strategies with	students and families resulting	strategies with individual students and
Professional Responsibility and Growth  Possible Sources of Evidence: Professional Growth Plan or Improvement Plan, Per-Conference, Artifacts, Self-Assessment, Peer Review  District policies and professional responsibilities  Possible Sources of Evidence: Professional for with Colleagues  District policies and professional responsibilities  Responsibilities  District policies and professional responsibilities  Reponsibilities  District policies and professional responsibilities  Responsibilities  Responsibilities  District policies and professional responsibilities  Review  District policies and professional responsibilities  Responsi	Communication;			students and families that do	in the development of	families to promote two-way
Responsibility and Growth)  Possible Sources of Evidence: Professional Growth Plan or Improvement Plan, Pre-Conference, Artifacts, Self-Assessment, Peer Review  District policies and professional responsibilities  Element 7.1  District policies and professional responsibilities  Element 7.1  District policies and professional responsibilities  Element 7.1  District policies and for eagulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher inconsistently or unsuccessfully communicates and collaborates with colleagues to examine instructional practice and to analyze patterns in student work and student data, in order to identify and implement targeted strategies for improvement of professional practice.  The teacher effectively communicates and collaborates with colleagues to examine instructional practice and to analyze patterns in student work and student data, in order to identify and implement targeted strategies for improvement of professional practice.  The teacher demonstrates  minimal understanding of district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher effectively communicates and collaborates with colleagues  with colleagues to examine instructional practice and to analyze patterns in student work and student data, in order to identify and implement targeted strategies for improvement of professional practice.  The teacher effectively communicates and collaborates with colleagues to examine instructional practice and to analyze patterns in student work and student data, in order to identify and implement targeted strategies for improvement of professional practice.  The teacher effectively communicates and collaborates with colleagues to examine instructional practice and to analyze patterns in student learning, individual practice and to analyze patterns in student learning in district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.	Standard 7:	Element 6.1		not adequately contribute to	partnerships that contribute to	communication, active participation,
Possible Sources of Evidence: Plan Plan or Improvement Plan, Pre-Conference, Post-Conference, Artifacts, Self-Assessment, Peer Review    District policies and professional responsibilities   Element 7.1	Professional	Element 6.2		student learning, well-being,	student learning, well-being,	and development of partnerships that
Possible Sources of Evidence: Professional Growth Plan or Improvement Plan, Pre-Conference, Artifacts, Self-Assessment, Peer Review    District policies and professional responsibilities   Element 7.1	Responsibility and			and development.	and development.	contribute to each student's learning,
Evidence: Professional Growth Plan or Improvement Plan, Pre-Conference, Post-Conference, Artifacts, Self-Assessment, Peer Review    District policies and professional responsibilities   Element 7.1   Element 7.1	Growth)				CV	well-being, and development.
Plan or Improvement Plan, Pre-Conference, Post-Conference, Artifacts, Self-Assessment, Peer Review    District policies and professional responsibilities   Flement 7.1   Flement 7.1   Flement 7.1   Flement 7.1   Flement 6.3   Collaborates with colleagues resulting in limited improvement of professional practice.   Collaborates with colleagues resulting in limited improvement of professional practice.   Instructional practice and to analyze patterns in student work and student data, in order to identify and implement targeted strategies for improvement of professional practice.   The teacher demonstrates minimal understanding of district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.   The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.   The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.   The teacher exemplifies effective leadership characteristics beyond classroom. The teacher helps shap policy at the school, district or state and policy at the school, district or state and policy at the school, district or state and student data, in order to identify and implement targeted strategies for improvement of professional work and student data, in order to identify and implement targeted strategies for improvement of professional practice.   The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.   The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.   The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for O	•			,	,	The teacher initiates effective communication and collaboration with
Improvement Plan, Pre-Conference, Post-Conference, Artifacts, Self-Assessment, Peer Review  District policies and professional responsibilities  District policies and professional responsibilities  Element 7.1  District policies and professional responsibilities  District policies, and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates work and student data, in order to identify and implement targeted strategies for improvement of professional practice.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher exemplifies effective leadership characteristics beyond classroom. The teacher helps shap policy at the school, district or state and policy at the school and professional practice.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.	Professional Growth	collaboration	collaborate with	communicates and/or	with colleagues to examine	colleagues beyond the classroom
Pre-Conference, Post-Conference, Artifacts, Self-Assessment, Peer Review    District policies and professional responsibilities   Element 7.1   Element 7.1   Element 7.1   District policies, and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.   The teacher demonstrates a lack of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.   The teacher demonstrates work and student data, in order to identify and implement targeted strategies for improvement of professional practice.   The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.   The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.   The teacher exemplifies effective leadership characteristics beyond classroom. The teacher helps shal policy at the school, district or state   District policies and student data, in order to identify and implement targeted strategies for improvement of professional practice.   The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.   The teacher exemplifies effective leadership characteristics beyond classroom. The teacher helps shal policy at the school, district or state   District policies   Di	Plan or	with colleagues	colleagues.	collaborates with colleagues	instructional practice and to	resulting in the improvement of
Post-Conference, Artifacts, Self-Assessment, Peer Review  District policies and professional responsibilities  Element 7.1  District policies and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  District policies and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.	Improvement Plan,			resulting in limited	analyze patterns in student	student learning, individual practice,
Artifacts, Self- Assessment, Peer Review  District policies and professional responsibilities  Element 7.1  District policies and professional regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates minimal understanding of district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.		Element 6.3		improvement of professional	work and student data, in order	school practice, and/or the teaching
Assessment, Peer Review  District policies and professional responsibilities  Element 7.1  District policies and professional demonstrates a lack of regard for and understanding of district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  District policies and professional responsibilities  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.				practice.	to identify and implement	profession.
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District policies and professional responsibilities  Element 7.1  District policies and professional regard for and understanding of district policies, state and ederal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.	Assessment, Peer				improvement of professional	
demonstrates a lack of regard for and understanding of district policies, state and understanding of district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  demonstrates a lack of regard for and understanding of district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  demonstrates a lack of regard for and understanding of district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher exemplifies effective leadership characteristics beyond classroom. The teacher helps shall policy at the school, district or state and foderal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.	Review			$O \setminus V$	practice.	
demonstrates a lack of regard for and understanding of district policies, state and understanding of district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  demonstrates a lack of regard for and understanding of district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  demonstrates a lack of regard for and understanding of district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher exemplifies effective leadership characteristics beyond classroom. The teacher helps shall policy at the school, district or state and foderal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.		District policies	The teacher	The teacher demonstrates	The teacher demonstrates	The teacher demonstrates
responsibilities  regard for and understanding of Element 7.1  Element 7.1  regard for and understanding of district policies, state and federal regulations, and the and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  Ohio Educators.  district policies, state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher exemplifies effective leadership characteristics beyond classroom. The teacher helps shall policy at the school, district or state and federal regulations and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.		•				
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Element 7.1 district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher exemplifies effective leadership characteristics beyond classroom. The teacher helps shall policy at the school, district or state.			_	•	I	and the Licensure Code of Professiona
and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  Conduct for Ohio Educators.  The teacher exemplifies effective leadership characteristics beyond classroom. The teacher helps shall policy at the school, district or state.		Element 7.1		_	_	
Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  leadership characteristics beyond classroom. The teacher helps shap policy at the school, district or sta			-	Professional Conduct for	Conduct for Ohio Educators.	
Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.  leadership characteristics beyond classroom. The teacher helps shap policy at the school, district or sta			regulations, and the	Ohio Educators.		The teacher exemplifies effective
Professional Conduct classroom. The teacher helps shall for Ohio Educators. policy at the school, district or sta			_			leadership characteristics beyond the
for Ohio Educators. policy at the school, district or sta						1
						1
l level.						level.



ORGANIZATIONAL	DRGANIZATIONAL AREA: PROFESSIONALISM								
Domains	Components								
		Ineffective	Developing	Skilled	Accomplished				
	Professional learning Element 7.2 Element 7.3	The teacher sets short- and long-term professional goals but fails to monitor progress or take action to meet the goals.	The teacher sets and monitors short- and long-term professional goals but fails to take appropriate action to meet the goals.	The teacher sets short- and long-term professional goals and monitors progress in meeting these goals based on self-reflection and analysis of data. The teacher takes appropriate action to meet the goals.	The teacher consistently pursues best practices and sets, monitors, and reflects on progress in meeting shortand long-term professional goals based on analysis of data in order to impact student learning. The teacher takes appropriate action to meet the goals. The teacher collaborates with colleagues and others to share best practices.				

# Appendix B

## **District-Level Decisions: Best Practice Implementation**

#### PERFORMANCE COMPONENTS

- Will the district require completion of the self-assessment? (This assessment remains private to the teacher.)
- Are pre-conferences required? If so, are there any guidelines?
- Are observations announced or unannounced?
- Is feedback required on each walkthrough/informal observation? If yes, what will this look like?
- In addition to the conference following the formal holistic observation and the final summative conference, are other conferences required?

#### **EVALUATION CYCLE**

- How many focus areas will teachers have?
- Will the district evaluate teachers having earned an Accomplished or Skilled rating less frequently?
  - o How will it be determined if progress is made on the PGP?
  - o For the one required observation, what type of observation will that be?
  - o For the one required conference, what type of conference will that be?
- Will the district allow teachers rated Accomplished to select evaluators and teachers rated Skilled to provide input on evaluators?
- Will the district choose to not evaluate a teacher who has been board approved for retirement by December 1?
- Will the district choose to not evaluate the teacher participating for the first time in RESA?
- How will the district determine if a teacher is on board approved leave for more than 50% of the school year? Will that teacher be evaluated?
- For the teacher on a limited or extended limited contract under consideration for non-renewal, the district is required to conduct at least three formal observations. How will this be communicated and implemented?

### PROFESSIONAL GROWTH PLAN (PGP)

- How many goals are teachers required to have on the PGP?
- What is the district timeline for development of the PGP?
- How will it be determined that the PGP is aligned to any district and/or school improvement plan(s)?

### HIGH-QUALITY STUDENT DATA (HQSD)

- How will the district make decisions around HQSD?
  - o How will it be determined if an instrument meets the criteria for HQSD? Committee? Evaluators?
  - o How will the evaluator determine if the teacher meets the criteria of using the data from the instrument?
  - o How will the district define "experts in the field"?



### **Professional Growth Plan**

The Professional Growth Plan (PGP) helps the teacher identify areas of professional development that will enable the teacher to enhance practice. The teacher is accountable for the implementation and completion of the plan. The plan must align to any district and/or building improvement plan(s). The PGP is developed annually. The plan is intended to be reviewed regularly and updated as necessary based on collaborative conversations between the evaluator and the teacher.

The PGP should be reflective of the evidence available and focus on the most recent evaluation and observations. The PGP should be individualized to the needs of the teacher, and the school or district should provide for professional development opportunities and support the teacher by providing resources (e.g., time, financial). The PGP is intended to be clear and comprehensive. It is aligned to the most recent evaluation results and proposes a sequence of appropriate activities leading to progress on the goals.

Teacher Name: Eva	aluator Name:		ointly Developed 🔲	Evaluator
Guided		(Accomplished)	(Skilled)	(Developing)
Choose the <b>Domain(s)</b> aligned to the goa	al(s).	(лесопризнеа)	(OKIIICA)	(Developing)
Focus for Learning Knowledge of Students Lesson Delivery		Classroom Environment Assessment of Student L Professional Responsibili	earning	
Goal Statement(s) Demonstrating Performance on Ohio's Standards for the Teaching Profession	Action Steps & Resources to Achieve Goal(s)	Qualitative or 0 Measurable Evidence Indicating Pro	Indicators:	Dates Discussed
Describe the alignment to district and/or	building improvement plan(s):			
Comments:	V '			
Teacher's Signature:		Date:		
Evaluator's Signature:  The evaluator's signature on this form verifies	that the prepar precedures as detailed i	Date:		

## **Improvement Plan**

Teacher Name:				Grad	le Level/ Subject:
School year:	Building:	Date of Improvement Plan  Conference:			
to place a teach notice requireme may be subject to performance and as specified in the	er on an improvement plan at ents for being placed on an Im to the terms of a collective bar d foster growth through profess e Improvement Plan, a recomi	any time based provement Plan, gaining agreeme sional developme mendation may k	on deficiencie the componer ent. The purpos ent and target oe made for di	es in any inconts of the page of the Imged support smissal or to	ing of Ineffective. However, districts have discretion dividual component of the evaluation system. The lan, and the implementation process for the plan aprovement Plan is to identify specific deficiencies in . If corrective actions are not made within the time to continue on the plan.  See Ohio Standards for the Teaching Profession. Attach
Performance Standard(s) Addressed in this  Plan  Date(s) Improvement A  Concern(s) Observ			• •	Specific Statement of the Concern(s):  Area(s) of Improvement	
					.,
Section 2: Desired	d Level of Performance—List sp	ecific goal(s) to i	mprove perfor	mance. In	dicate what will be measured for each goal.
List Goal Stater	ment(s) Indicating Performance	e Beginning	Ending		Level of Performance:

Section 3: Specific Plan of Action—Describe in detail specific	plans of action that must be taken by the teache <mark>r</mark> to improve performance.
Indicate the sources of evidence that will be used to docum	ent the completion of the Improvement Plan.
Actions to be Taken	Qualitative or Quantitative Measurable Indicators: Evidence Indicating
	Progress on the Goal(s)
<b>Section 4: Assistance and Professional Development</b> —Descriptoriessional development.	be in detail specific supports that will be provided as well as opportunities for
proressional development.	
Section 5: Alignment to District and/or Building Improvement	Plan(s)— Describe the alignment to district and/or building improvement plan(s).
Comments:	
Date for Improvement Plan to Be Evaluated:	
Teacher's Signature:	Date:
Evaluator's Signaturo	Date:
Evaluator's Signature:  The evaluator's signature on this form verifies that the proper	pate:
The evaluator's signature on this form verifies that the proper	procedures as detailed in the local contract have been followed.

Improvement Pla	an: Evaluation of Plan	
Teacher Name:		Grade Level/ Subject:
School year:	Building:	Date of Evaluation:
The Improvement following action		me specified in the plan. Outcomes from the Improvement Plan demonstrate the
☐ In	mprovement is demonstrated and performar	nce standards are met to a satisfactory level of performance.
☐ Th	ne Improvement Plan should continue for tim	ne specified:
□ D	vismissal is recommended.	
Comments: Pro	ovide justification for recommendation indica	ated above and attach evidence to support recommended course of action.
	this evaluation and discussed it with my eva ot necessarily imply that I agree with this eval	luator. My signature indicates that I have been advised of my performance luation.
Teacher's Signat	ture:	Date:
Evaluator's Signa	ature:	Date:
The evaluator's s	signature on this form verif <mark>ies</mark> that the proper	procedures as detailed in the local contract have been followed.

Final Holistic Rating of Teacher Effectiveness—Full Evaluation

	INEFFECTIVE	DEVELOPING	SKILLED	ACCOMPLISHED
Formal Holistic Observation (followed by conference)				
Formal Focused Observation				
Focus Area(s):  Focus for Learning  Knowledge of Students  Lesson Delivery  Classroom Environment  Assessment of Student Learning  Professional Responsibilities		<		
Professional Growth Plan (or Improvement Plan) Goal(s): (Goal prepopulates from the earlier entry)				
Evaluator Comments:				
Teacher Comments:				
Final Holistic (Overall) Rating	INEFFECTIVE	DEVELOPING	SKILLED	ACCOMPLISHED
Check here if Improvement Plan has been recommended.				,
Teacher Signature	Date _			
Evaluator Signature	Date _			

# Final Holistic Rating of Teacher Effectiveness—Accomplished or Skilled Carry Forward

Professional Growth Plan Goal(s) Alignment:	Dates:				
Mark Domain Area(s):  Focus for Learning	Date of Observat				
☐ Knowledge of Students☐ Lesson Delivery	Date of Conference:				
Classroom Environment	Comments:				
Assessment of Student Learning					
☐ Professional Responsibilities					
Focus Area(s) Comments:					
Professional Growth Plan Goal(s):	(Goal(s) prepopulate from previous entry)				
	☐Progress Made		☐Insufficient Pro	gress Made	
Progress on Professional Growth Plan Goal(s):	(By checking this box, the teacher will (By checking this box, the teacher will				
, ,	continue with rating as per schedule until automatically be placed on a			placed on a full evaluation	
	time for a full eva	luation cycle.)	cycle the following school year.)		
Evaluator Comments:					
Teacher Comments:					
Final Holistic (Overall) Rating: Pre-Populated in	INEFFECTIVE	DEVELOPING	SKILLED	ACCOMPLISHED	
OhioES Portal					
End of Cycle (Full evaluation required in the next so	chool year)				
Check here if Improvement Plan has been recommended.	mended.				
Teacher Signature		Date _			
Evaluator Signature		Date _			



# **High-Quality Student Data Verification Form**

Teacher Name:	Evaluator Name:			
Content Area(s):	Grade Level(s):			
List sources of High-Quality Student Data used to	o inform instruction. Value-added data	must be used as one source if available.		
1.				
2.				
The high-quality student data instrument used m criteria:	nust be rigorously reviewed by locally d	etermined experts in the field of education to meet all of the following		
<ul> <li>Align to learning standards</li> <li>Measure what is intended to be measured</li> <li>Be attributable to a specific teacher form the properties of student learners</li> <li>Follow protocols for administration and the provide trustworthy results</li> <li>Not offend or be driven by bias</li> </ul>	r course(s) and grade level(s) taught ning (achievement and/or growth)			
AND				
<ul> <li>The teacher must use the data generated from the high-quality student data instrument by:</li> <li>Critically reflecting upon and analyzing available data, using the information as part of an ongoing cycle of support for student learning</li> <li>Considering student learning needs and styles, identifying the strengths and weaknesses of an entire class as well as individual students</li> <li>Informing instruction, adapting instruction to meet student need based upon the information gained from the data analysis</li> <li>Measuring student learning (achievement and/or growth) and progress towards achieving state/local standards</li> </ul>				
Comments:				
Teacher Signature:	Date:			
HQSD Approval Signature:	Date:			

## Using High-Quality Student Data to Inform Instruction and Enhance Practice

Choosing and using high-quality student data (HQSD) to guide instructional decisions and meet student learning needs is key in making sound instructional decisions for students. The teacher evaluation will use at least two measures of HQSD to **provide evidence of student** learning attributable to the teacher being evaluated. When applicable to the grade level or subject area taught by a teacher, HQSD shall include the value-added progress dimension and the teacher shall use at least one other measure of HQSD to demonstrate student learning. HQSD may be used as evidence in any component of the evaluation where applicable.

It is recognized that there are many types of data that can be used to support student learning and the data include much more than just test scores. These types of data and their uses are important and should continue to be used to guide instruction and address the needs of the whole child but may not meet the criteria/definition of high-quality student data for the purpose of teacher evaluation.

The high-quality student data instrument used must be rigorously reviewed by locally determined experts in the field of education to meet all of the following criteria:

	Align to learning standards
	Measure what is intended to be measured
	Be attributable to a specific teacher for course(s) and grade level(s) taught
	Demonstrate evidence of student learning (achievement and/or growth)
	Follow protocols for administration and scoring
	Provide trustworthy results
	Not offend or be driven by bias
AND The tea	acher must use the data generated from the high-quality student data instrument by:
	Critically reflecting upon and analyzing available data, using the information as part of an ongoing cycle of support for student learning
	Considering student learning needs and styles, identifying the strengths and weaknesses of an entire class as well as individual students
	Informing instruction, adapting instruction to meet student need based upon the information gained from the data analysis
	Measuring student learning (achievement and/or growth) and progress towards achieving state/local standards

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